

SMBH: environment and evolution on June 19, 2019 in Corfu, Greece

IR View of of X-ray AGN: The Covering Factor of Gas and Dust in Swift/BAT AGN

Ichikawa et al. '17, ApJ, 835, 74

Ichikawa et al. '19, ApJ, 870, 31



Kohei Ichikawa (市川幸平)

FRIS fellow, Tohoku University, Japan



In collaboration with

C. Ricci, Y. Ueda, F. Bauer, T. Kawamuro, M. J. Koss, K. Oh, D. J. Rosario, T. T. Shimizu, M. Stalevski, L. Fuller, C. Packham, Y. Toba, B. Trakhtenbrot, and the BASS team

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Frontier Research Institute for Interdisciplinary Sciences
Tohoku University

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14 Assistant Professors from January - April, 2020

Closing Date for Application: August 1, 2019

2019.05.20

[Number of position and job](#)

14 Assistant Professors

ApJ, 835, 74
ApJ, 870, 31



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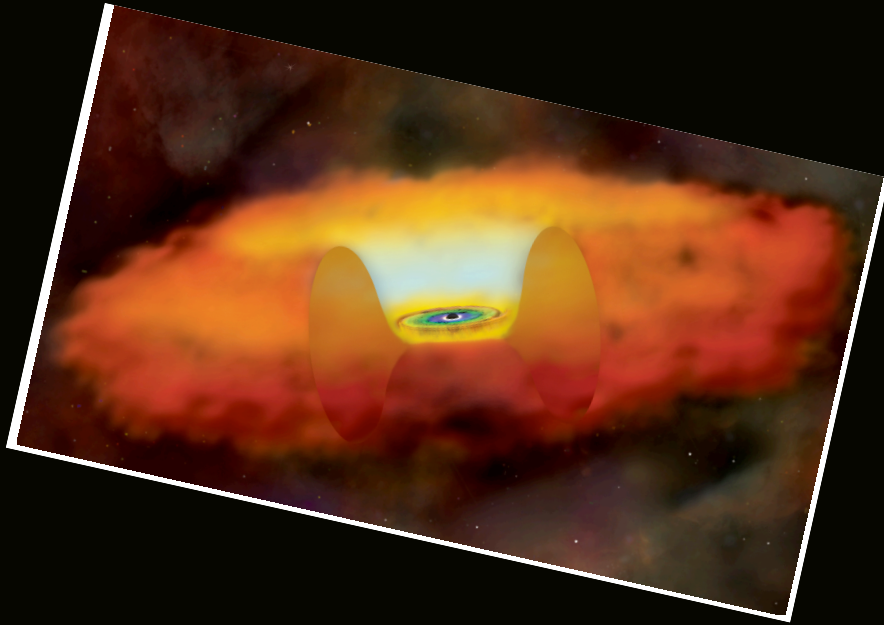


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(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

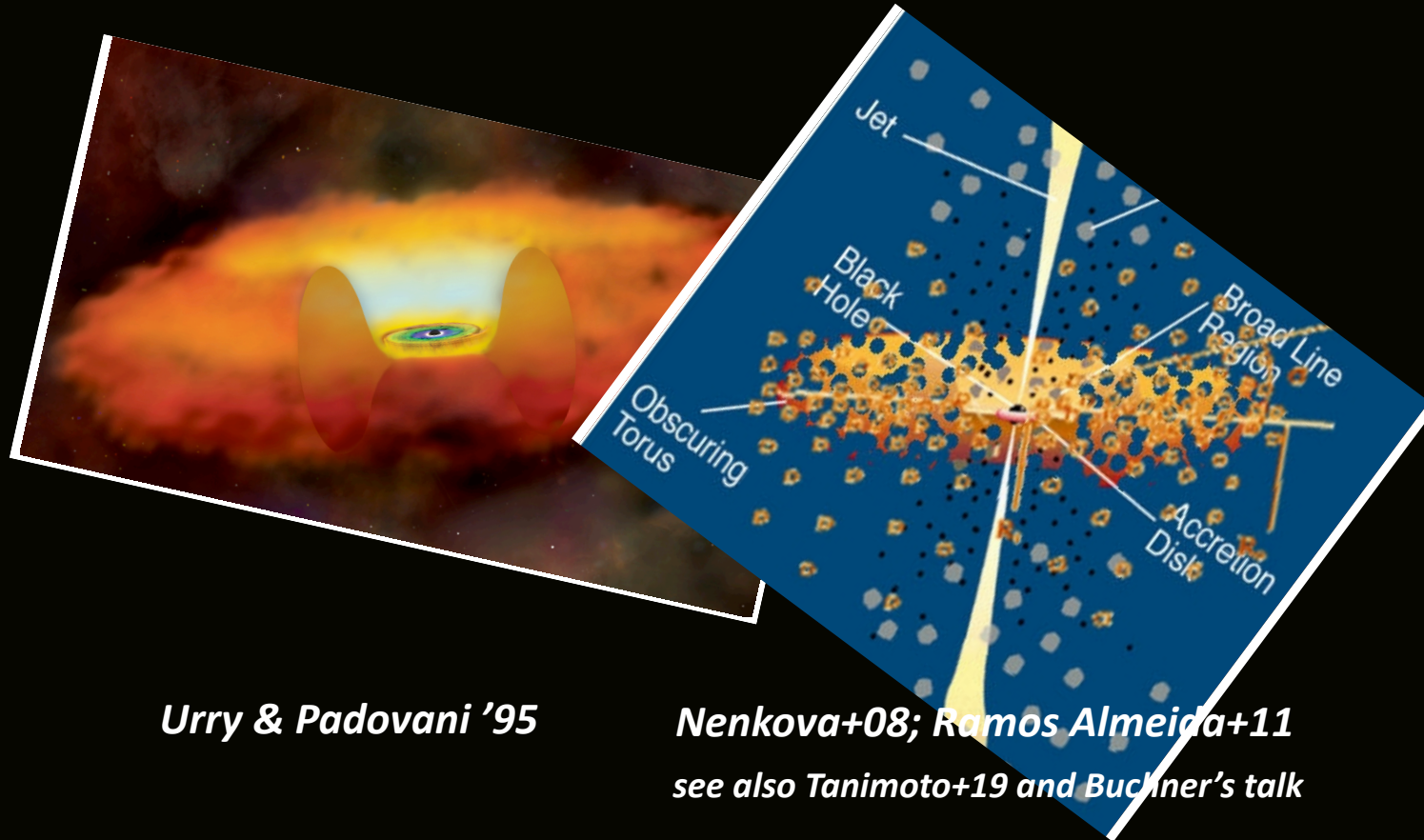
Nuclear (MIR bright) dusty region: future fuel of SMBHs



Urry & Padovani '95

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$

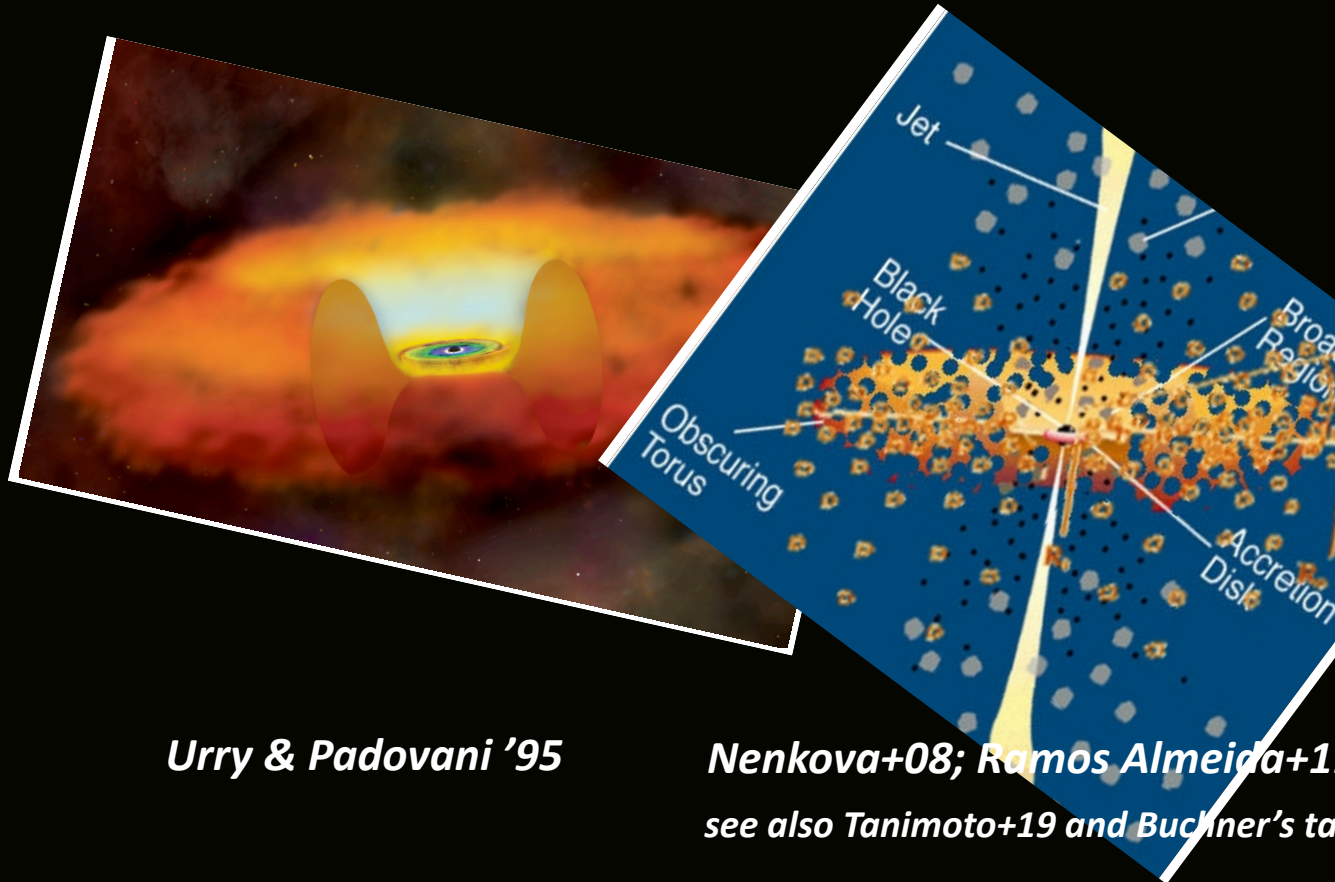


Urry & Padovani '95

Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+11
see also Tanimoto+19 and Buchner's talk

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Urry & Padovani '95

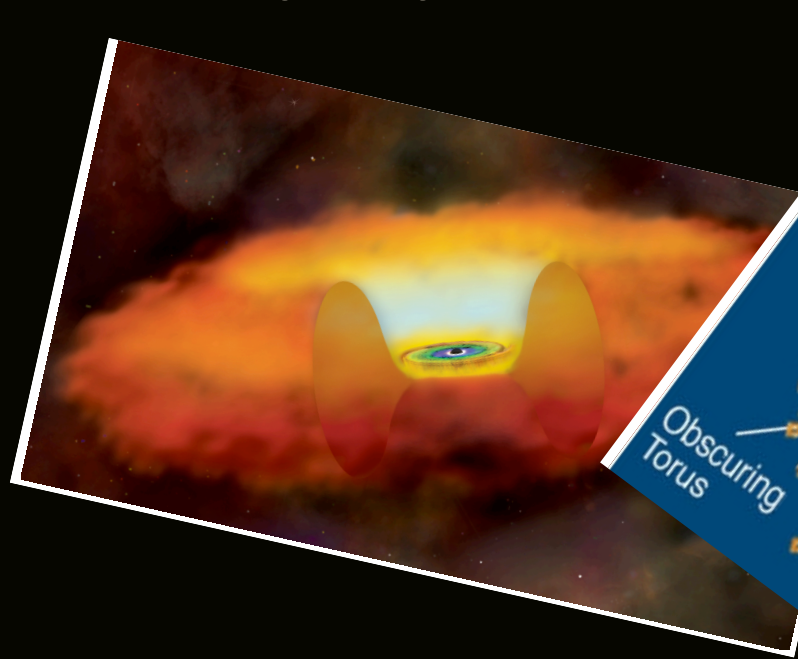
*Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+11
see also Tanimoto+19 and Buchner's talk*

*e.g., Hoenig+12, Wada+15,
Tazaki & Ichikawa submitted*

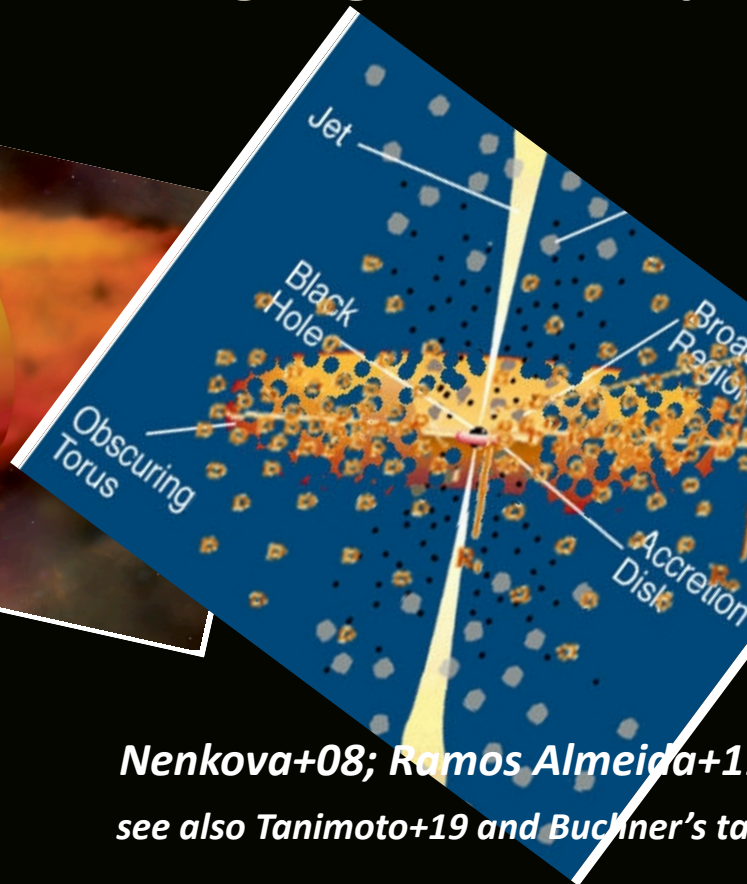
Sample size: limited to very nearby AGN (actually, mainly Circinus)

Geometry of (nuclear) dust emission

Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95



Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+11
see also Tanimoto+19 and Buchner's talk



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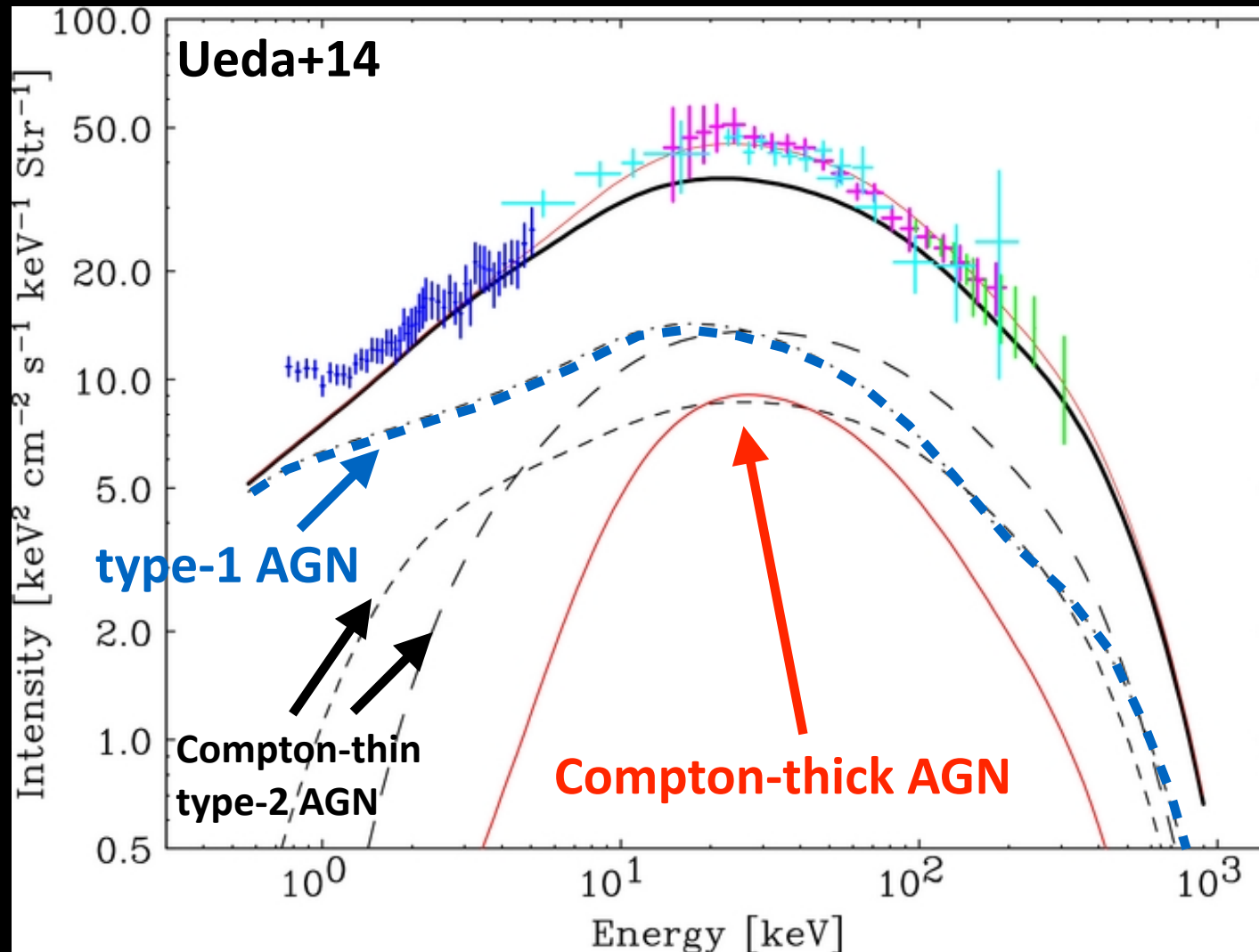
Q. How much do we know the (averaged) dust geometry?

$$C_T(\text{dust}) \propto L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) / L_{\text{bol}}(\text{AGN})$$

Our Goal: Obtaining $C_T(\text{dust})$ using the complete AGN sample

Most of AGN are elusive (=obscured)

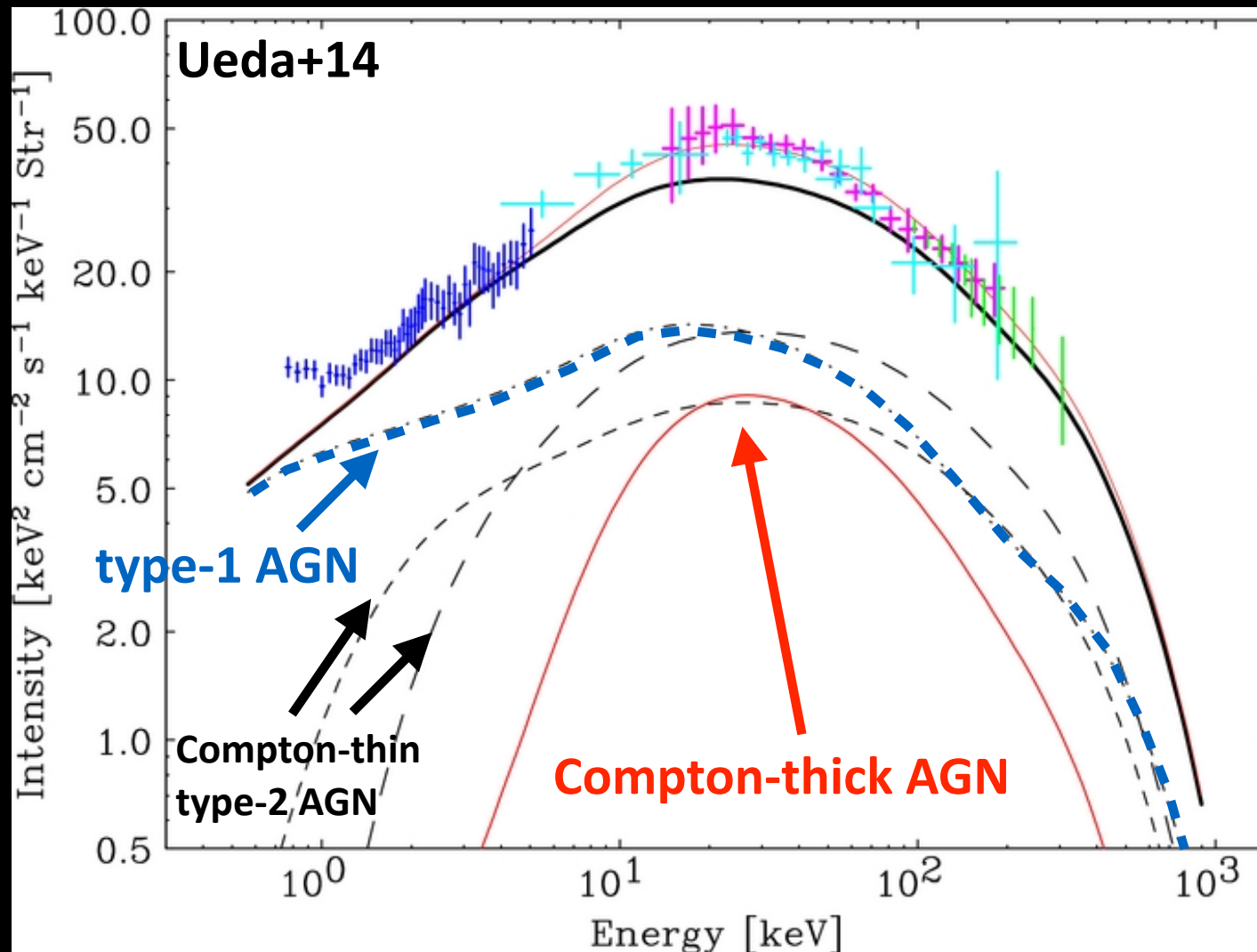
XRB indicates that most of AGN are obscured



☑ energy density peaks at ~ 30 keV

Most of AGN are elusive (=obscured)

XRB indicates that most of AGN are obscured

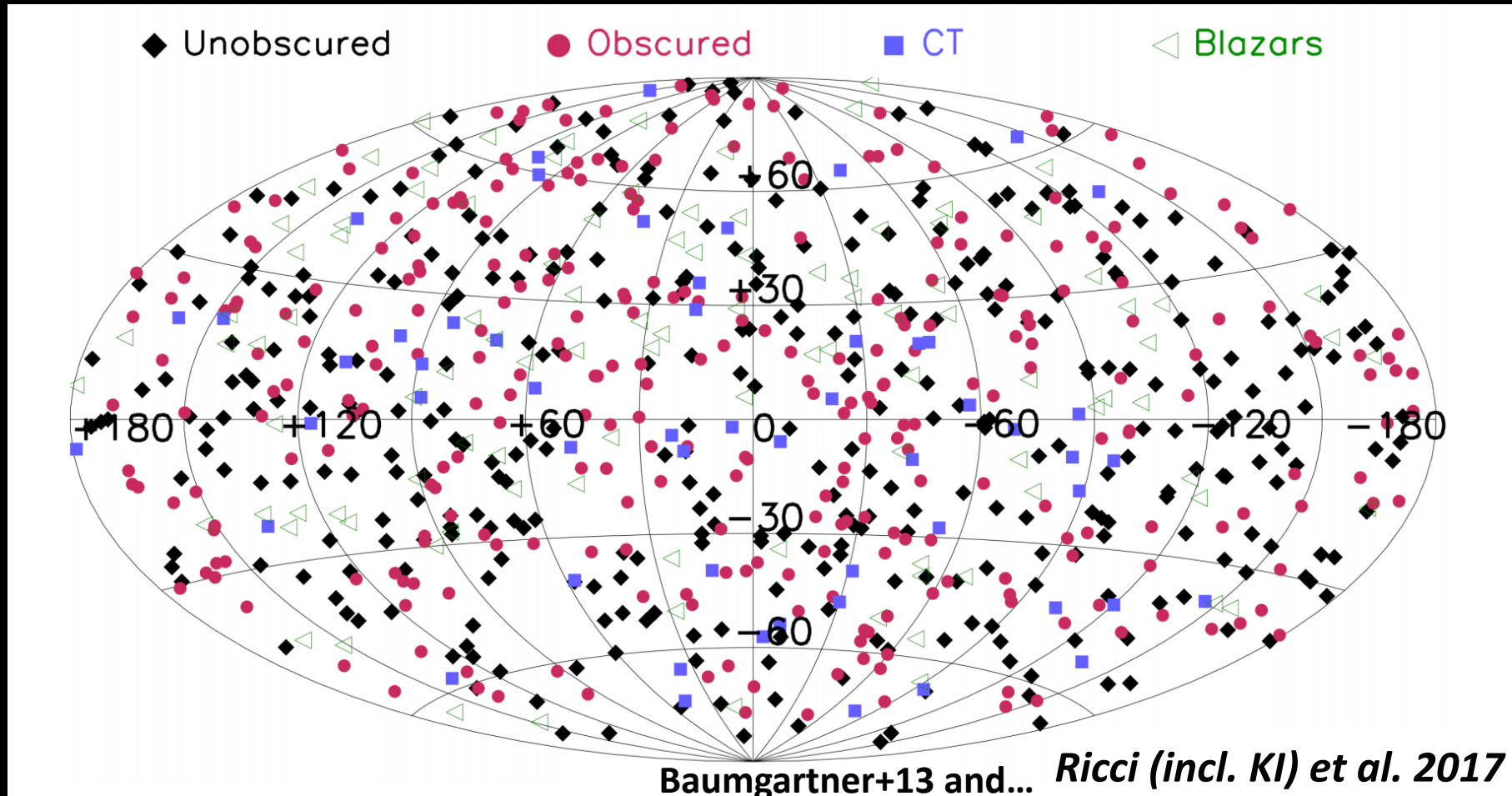


- ☑ energy density peaks at ~ 30 keV
- ☑ **$E > 10$ keV:** best energy band to detect obscured ($\log N_{\text{H}} > 22$) AGN

Swift/BAT AGN (14-195 keV)

70 month catalog: 836 AGN (728 non-blazars)

FYI, 105 month catalog is public (see Oh et al., '18)



☑ most complete up to $\log N_{\text{H}}=24.0$ in the local Universe
(Koss+16; Ricci+15)

☑ **606** out of 728 have z info and are located at $|b| > 10^\circ$

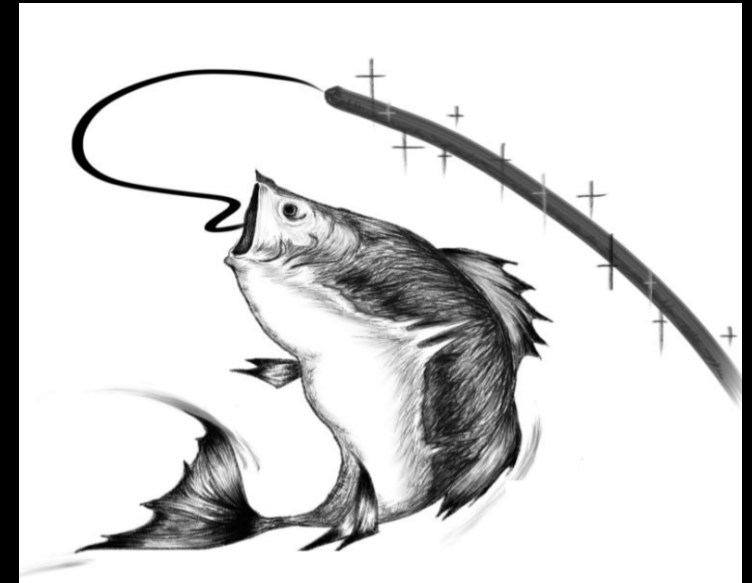
BASS

BASS=BAT AGN Spectroscopic Survey

Multi-wavelength Follow-up of BAT-AGN

co-lead by M. Koss, *C. Ricci*, B. Trakhtenbrot, *K. Oh*

- ☑ X-ray (L_X , N_H , Γ) Ricci et al. (2017)
- ☑ Optical Spec (M_{BH} , λ_{Edd}) Koss et al. (2017)
- ☑ NIR Spec (σ , M_{BH}) Lamperti et al. (2017)



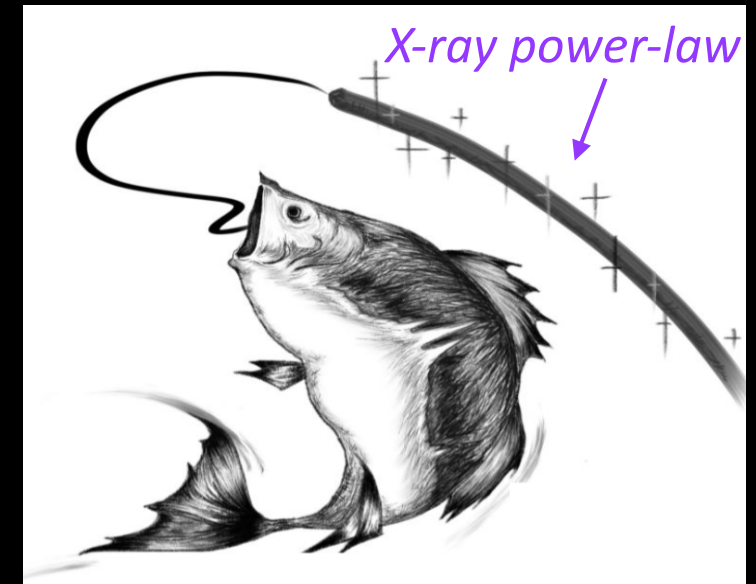
by Courtesy of K. Oh

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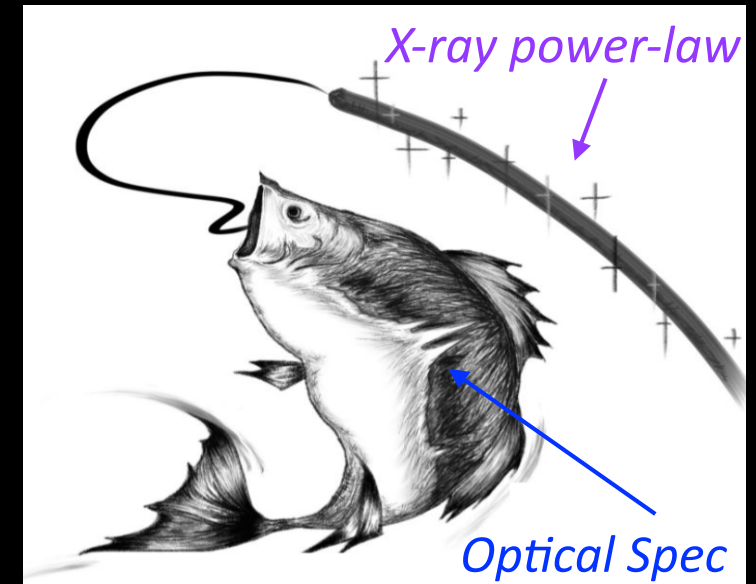
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by Courtesy of *K. Oh*

More studies and Data, see [BASS website!](#)

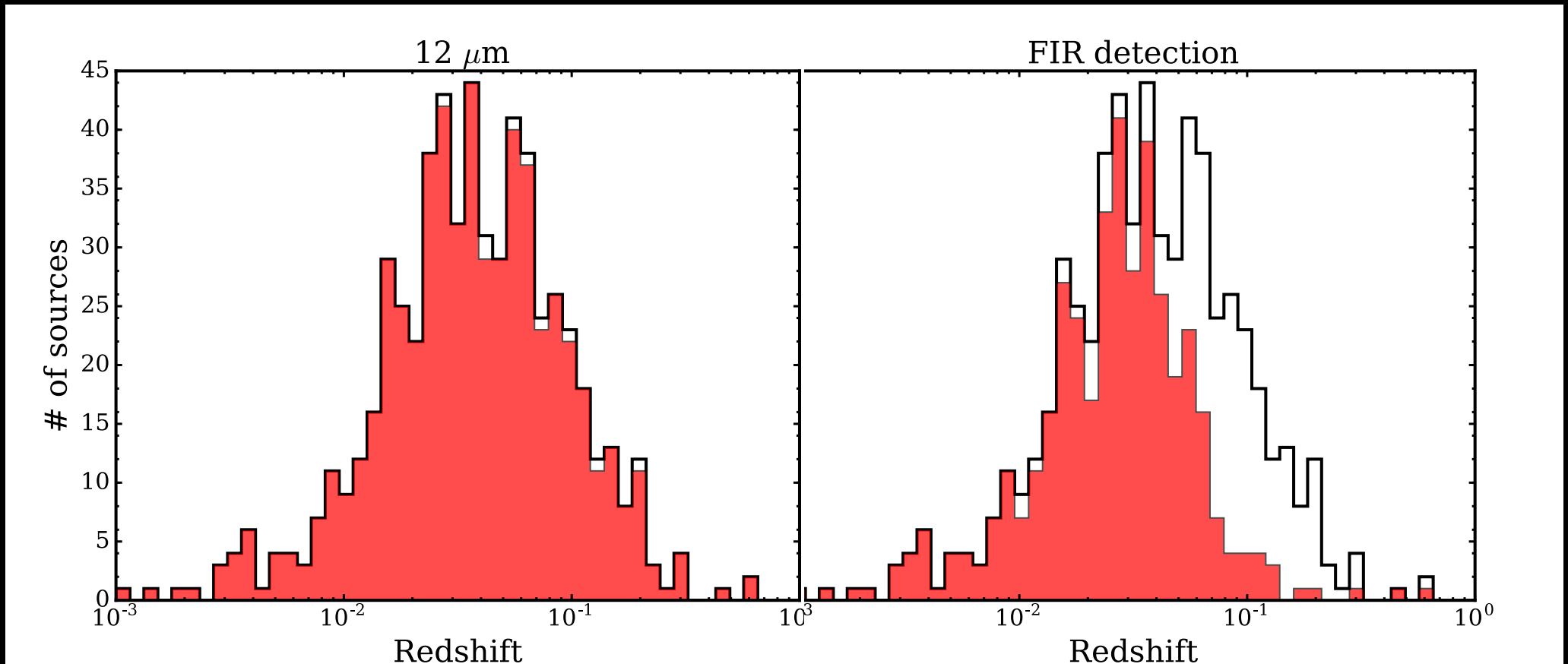
Today's topic

- ☑ IR catalog (3-500 μm) *Ichikawa et al. (2017a), ApJ, 835, 74*
- ☑ IR SED Decomposition; *Ichikawa et al. (2019), ApJ, 870, 31*

IR counterparts of BAT AGN

☑ 3-500 μm IR data from WISE, AKARI, IRAS, and Herschel

(see Ichikawa+17 for more details)



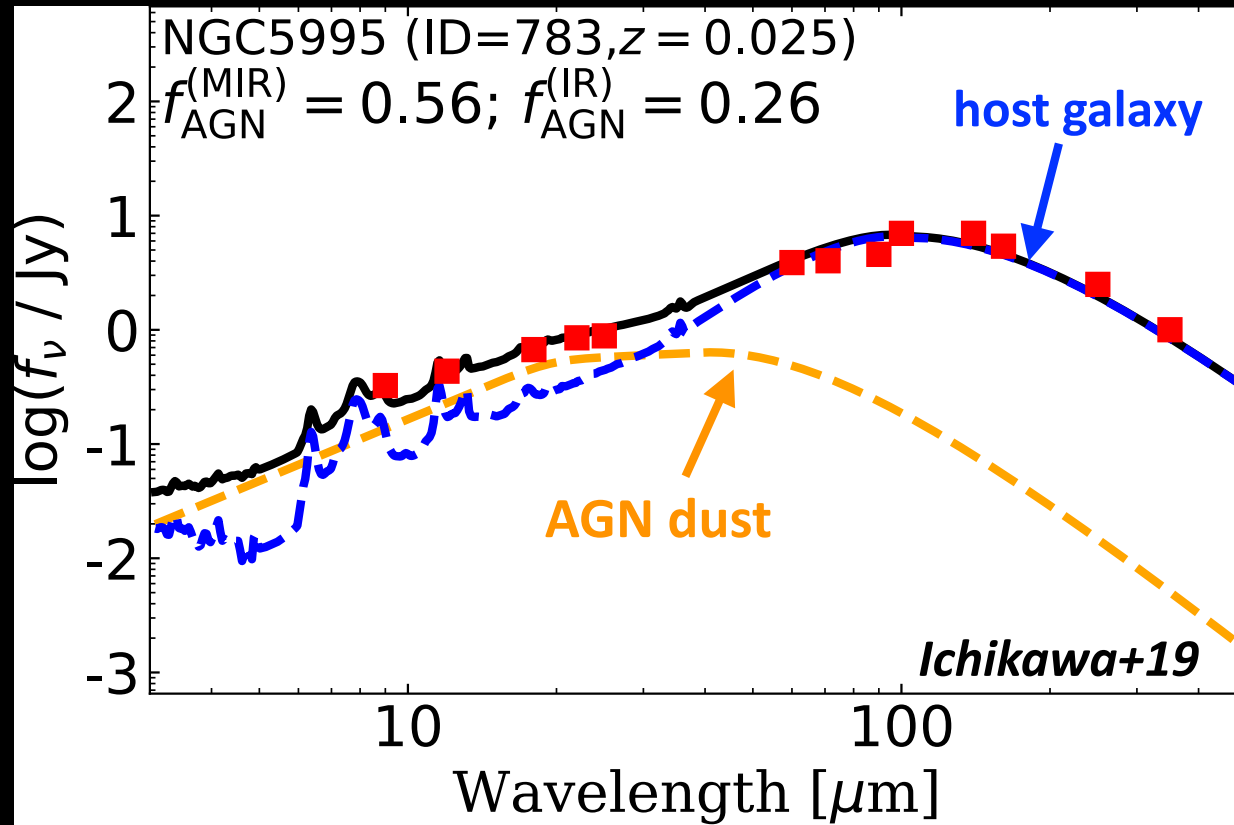
☑ **601/606** MIR (, NIR) and **402/606** FIR counterparts

☑ suitable for the AGN dust/host galaxy studies

☑ IR Data is already public. http://iopscience.iop.org/0004-637X/835/1/74/suppdata/apjaa5154t1_mrt.txt

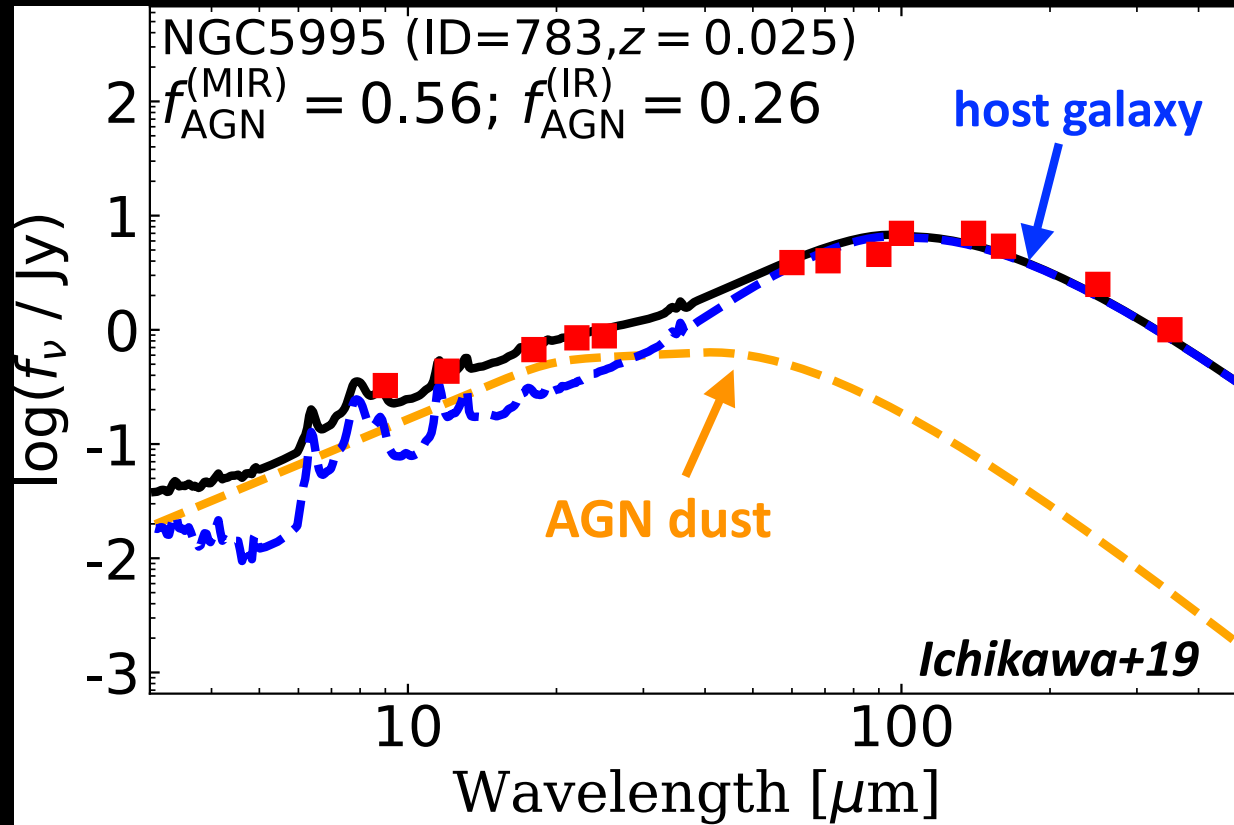
SED Decomposition in IR bands

- ☑ SED Decomposition is done using simple AGN/(SB+stellar) templates
(see Mullaney+11 and Ichikawa+19 for more details)



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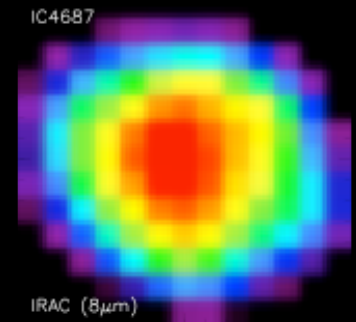
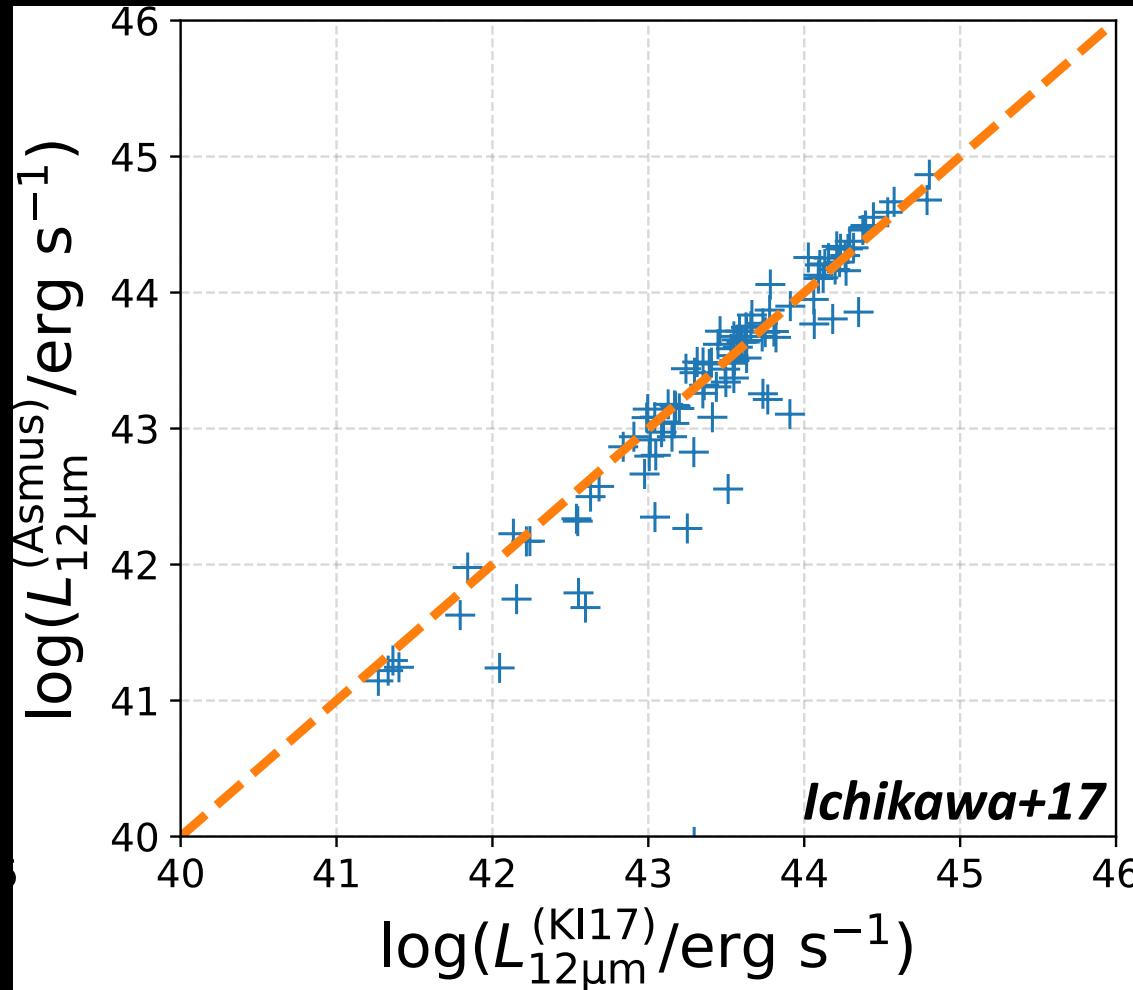
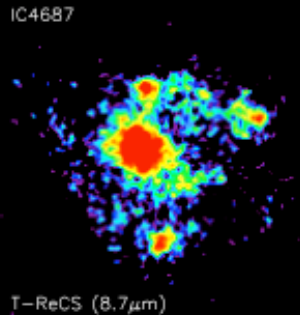


- ☑ SED decomposition: **587/606** sources
- ☑ Disentangling AGN/host galaxy (SB+stellar) component
=> AGN IR emission w/o host galaxy contamination

FYI, All info incl. IR SEDs, decomposed SEDs, M_{BH} , L_x , L_{bol} are now public

Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

High spatial.
resol. obs.
(Asmus+14,+15)



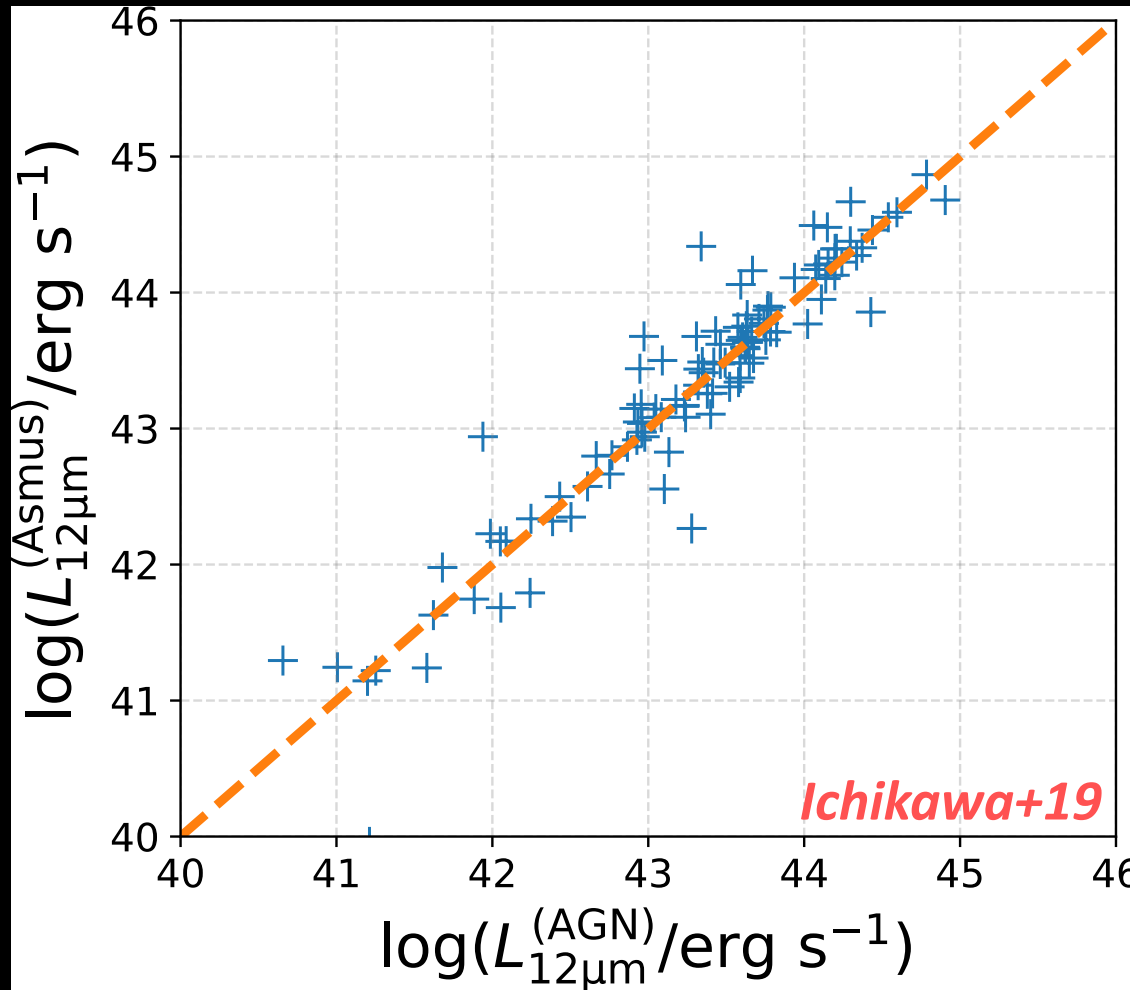
$L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ "Before" SED
decomposition

☑ $L_{12\mu\text{m}}^{(\text{KI17})} \geq L_{12\mu\text{m}}^{(\text{Asmus})}$

Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

☑ SED Decomposition works well!

High spatial.
resol. obs.



$L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ “after” SED
decomposition

☑ SED decomposition reproduces $L_{12\mu\text{m}}$ of 0.”3-0.”7 scale high spatial resolution observations (Asmus+14;15)

$L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})$ vs. $L_{14-150\text{keV}}$

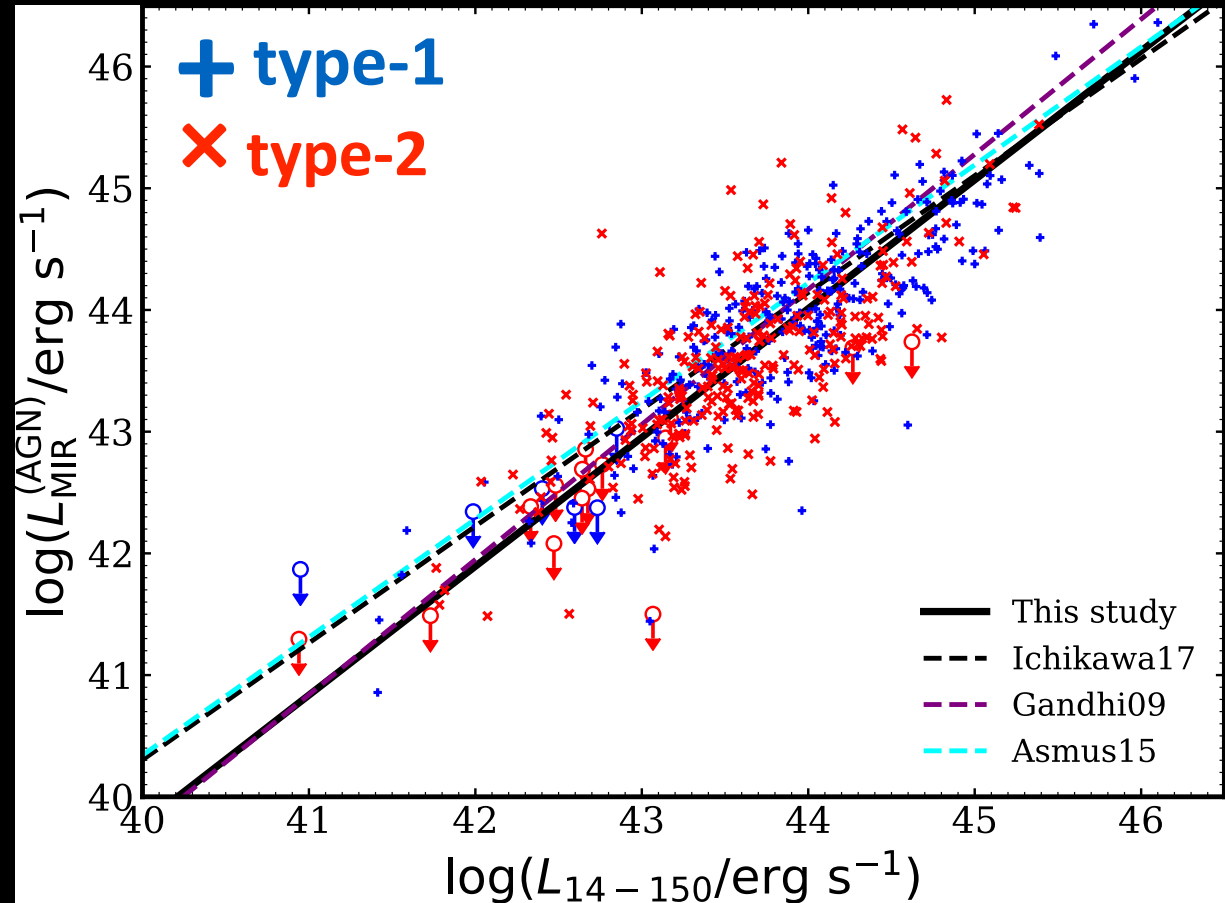
Our study

$$L_{\text{MIR}}/L_x (\text{type-1}) \sim L_{\text{MIR}}/L_x (\text{type-2})$$



MIR emission: isotropic

Ichikawa+19 (see also KI+12, 17)



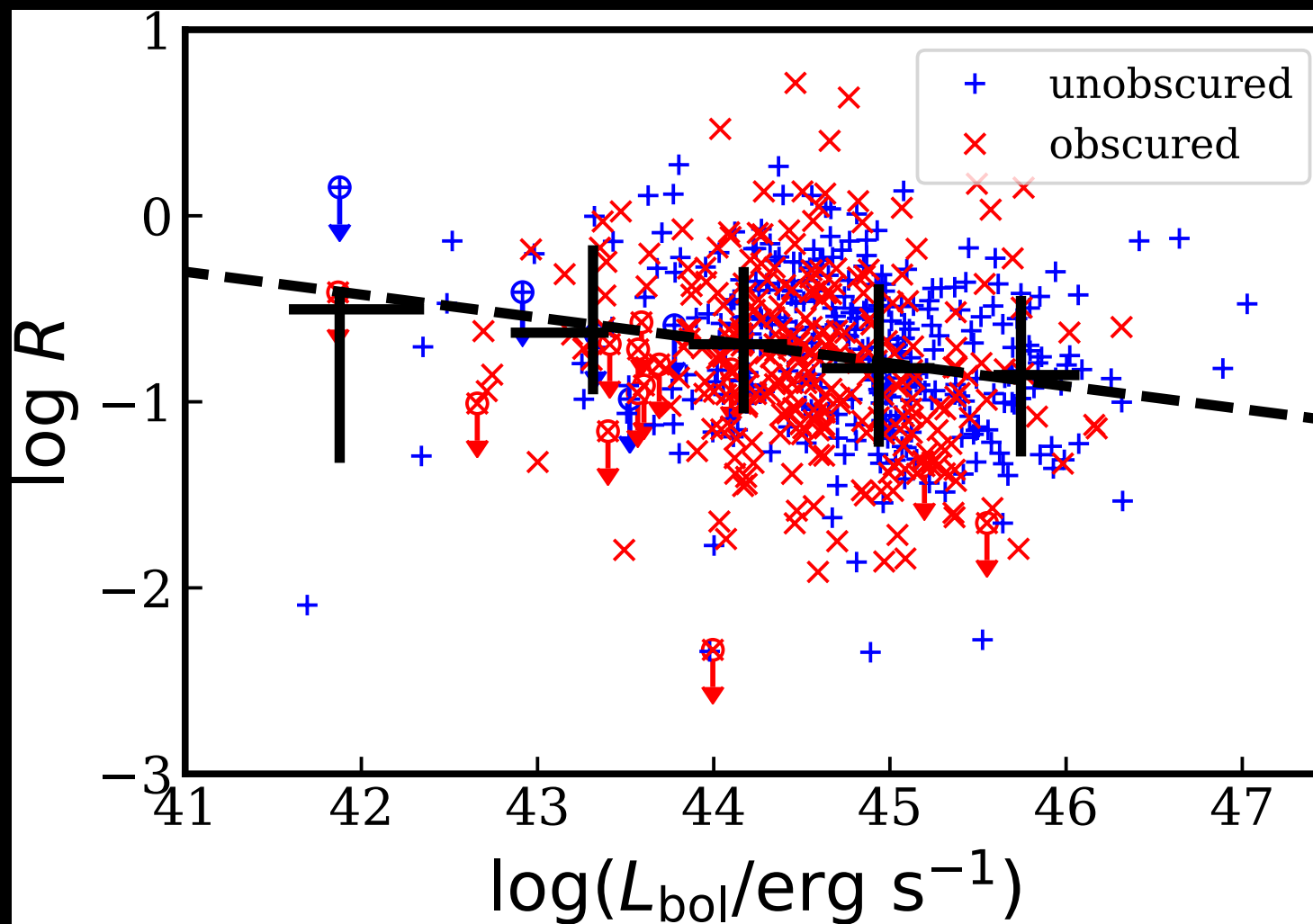
$$\log L_{\text{MIR}} \propto 1.06 \log L_x \therefore \text{slope } b=1.06 (\pm 0.03)$$

☑ $b=0.9-1.1$ from local/X-ray selected AGN

(e.g., Gandhi+09; Ichikawa+12,+17; Asmus+15; Mateos+15)

L_{bol} dependence of $R = L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})/L_{\text{bol}}$

$$C_{\text{T}}(\text{dust}) \propto L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN})/L_{\text{bol}}(\text{AGN})$$



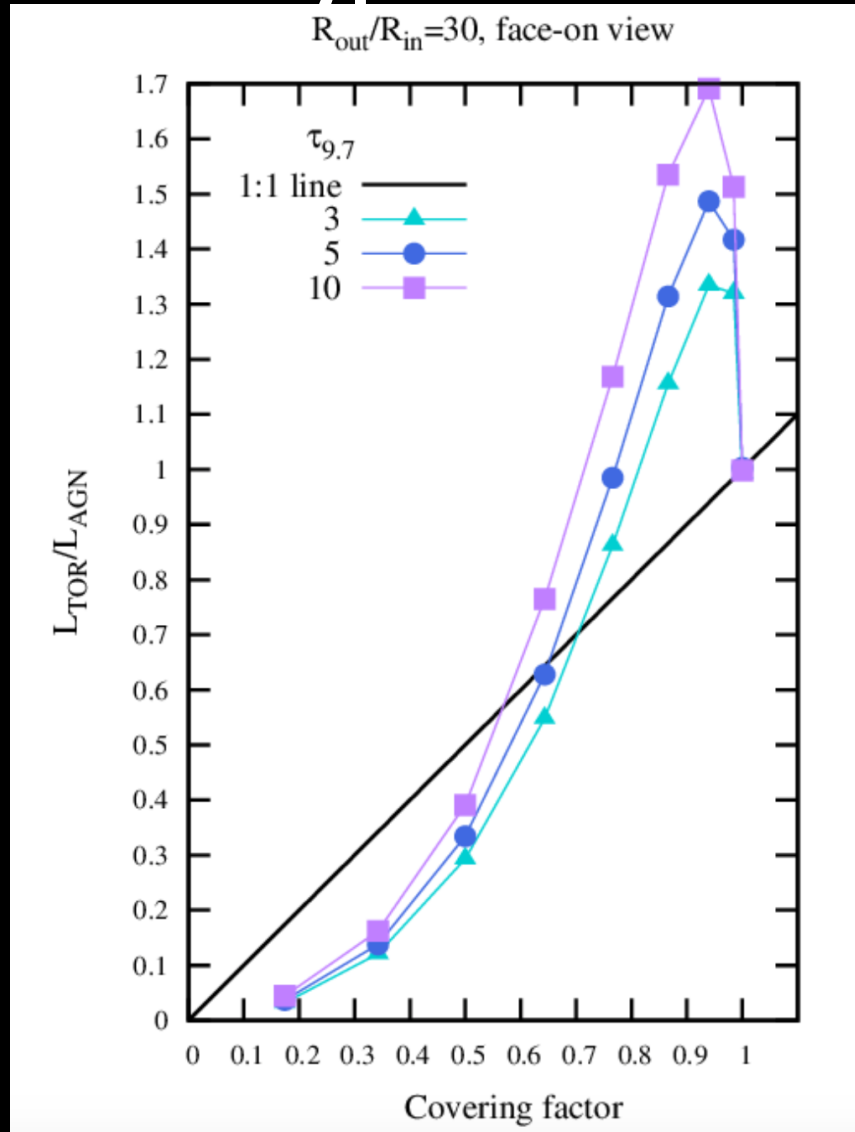
Ichikawa+19

☑ Very shallow L_{bol} dependence w/ $\log R = 4.5 - 0.12 \log L_{\text{bol}}$

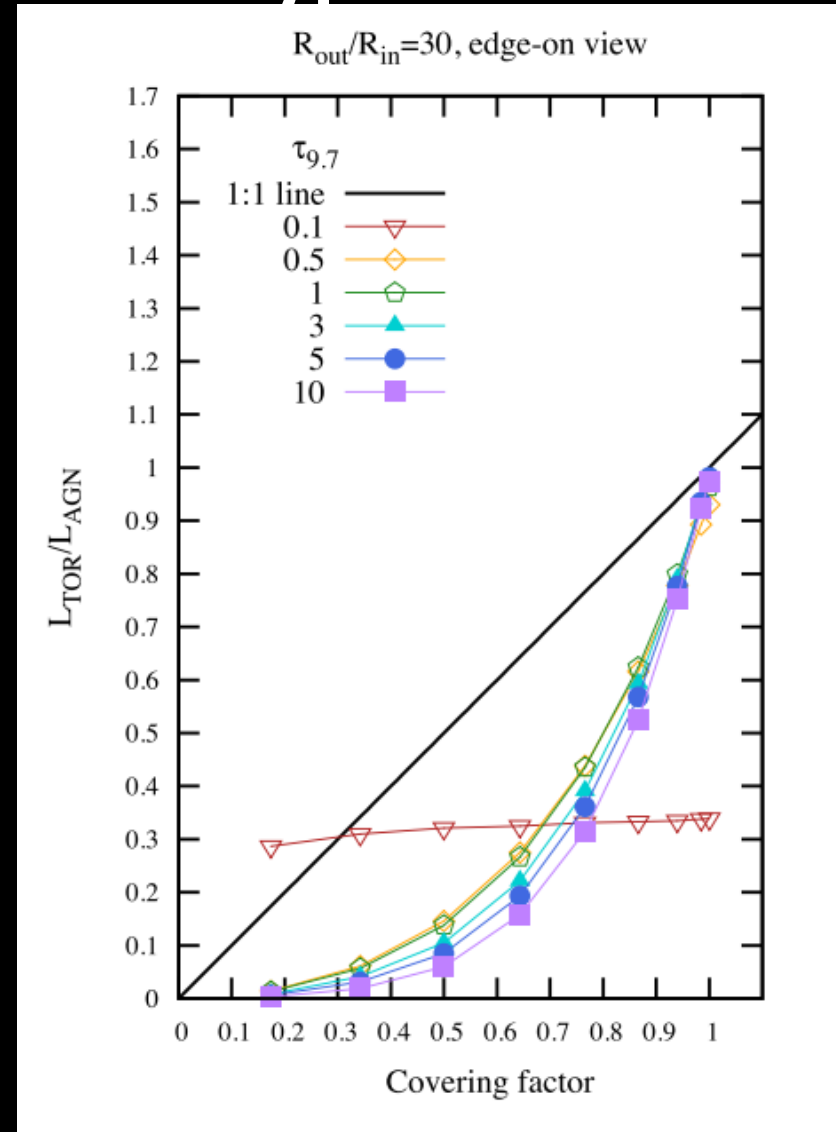
$$R = L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) / L_{\text{bol}} \Rightarrow C_{\text{T}}(\text{dust})$$

$L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) / L_{\text{bol}}$ vs. C_{T} (see Stalevski+16)

type-1 AGN



type-2 AGN

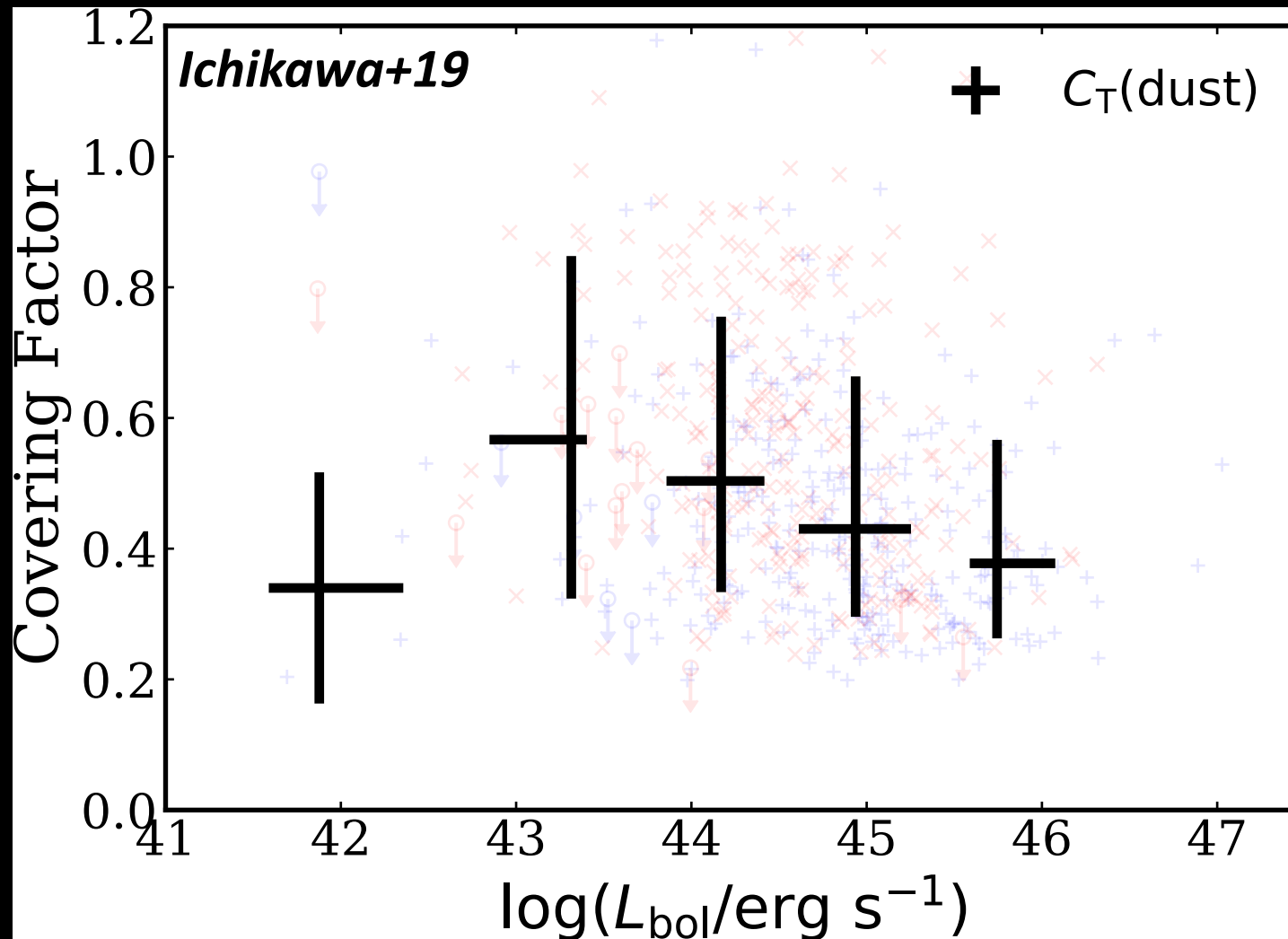


Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{IR(AGN)}/L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

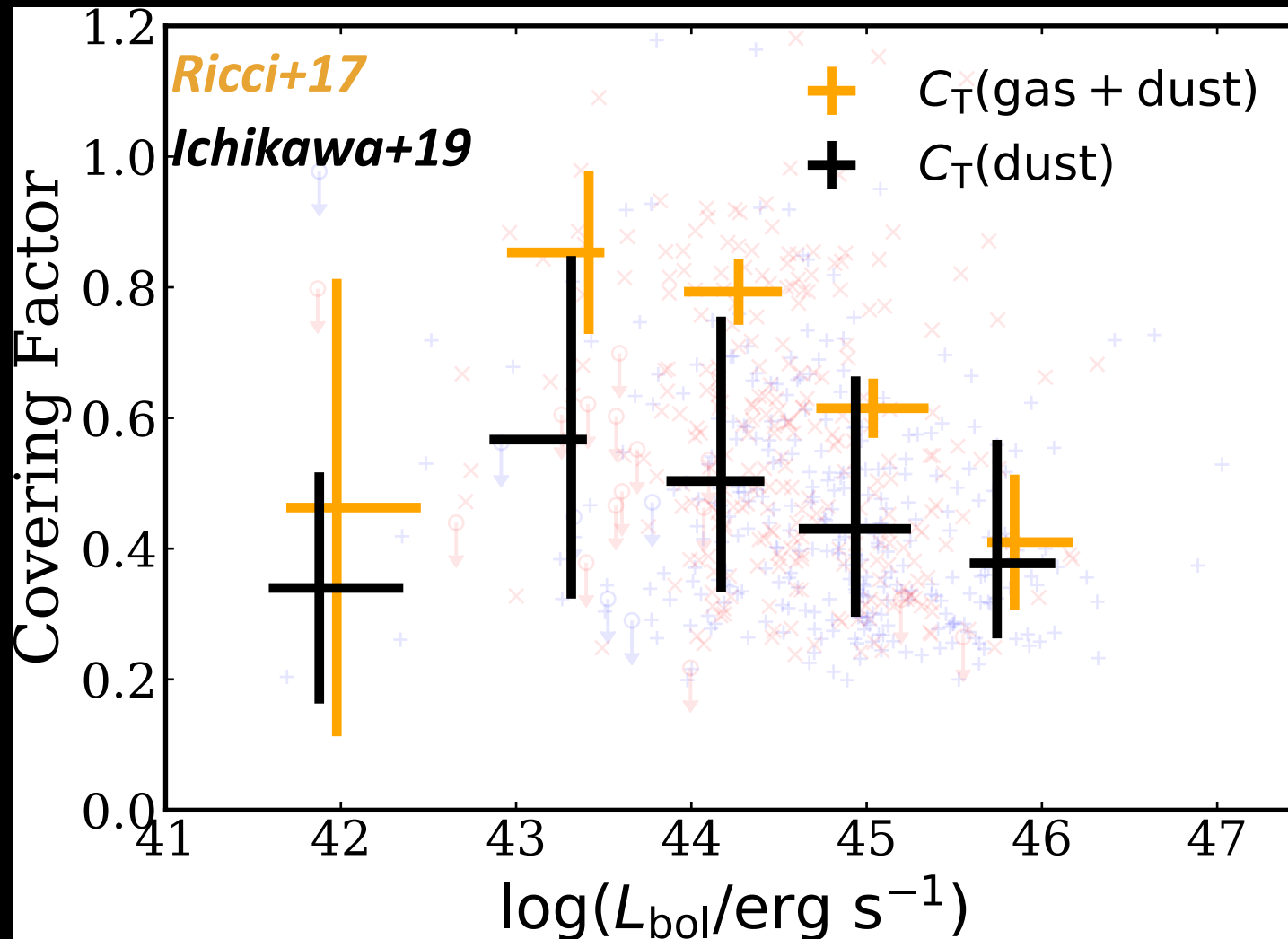
$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{IR}(AGN)/L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)



☑ $C_T(\text{dust})$: 0.4-0.6, very weak or almost independent of L_{bol}
(see also Merloni+14, Netzer+16, Stalevski+16, Mateos+17)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{IR}(AGN)/L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (see Stalevski+16)

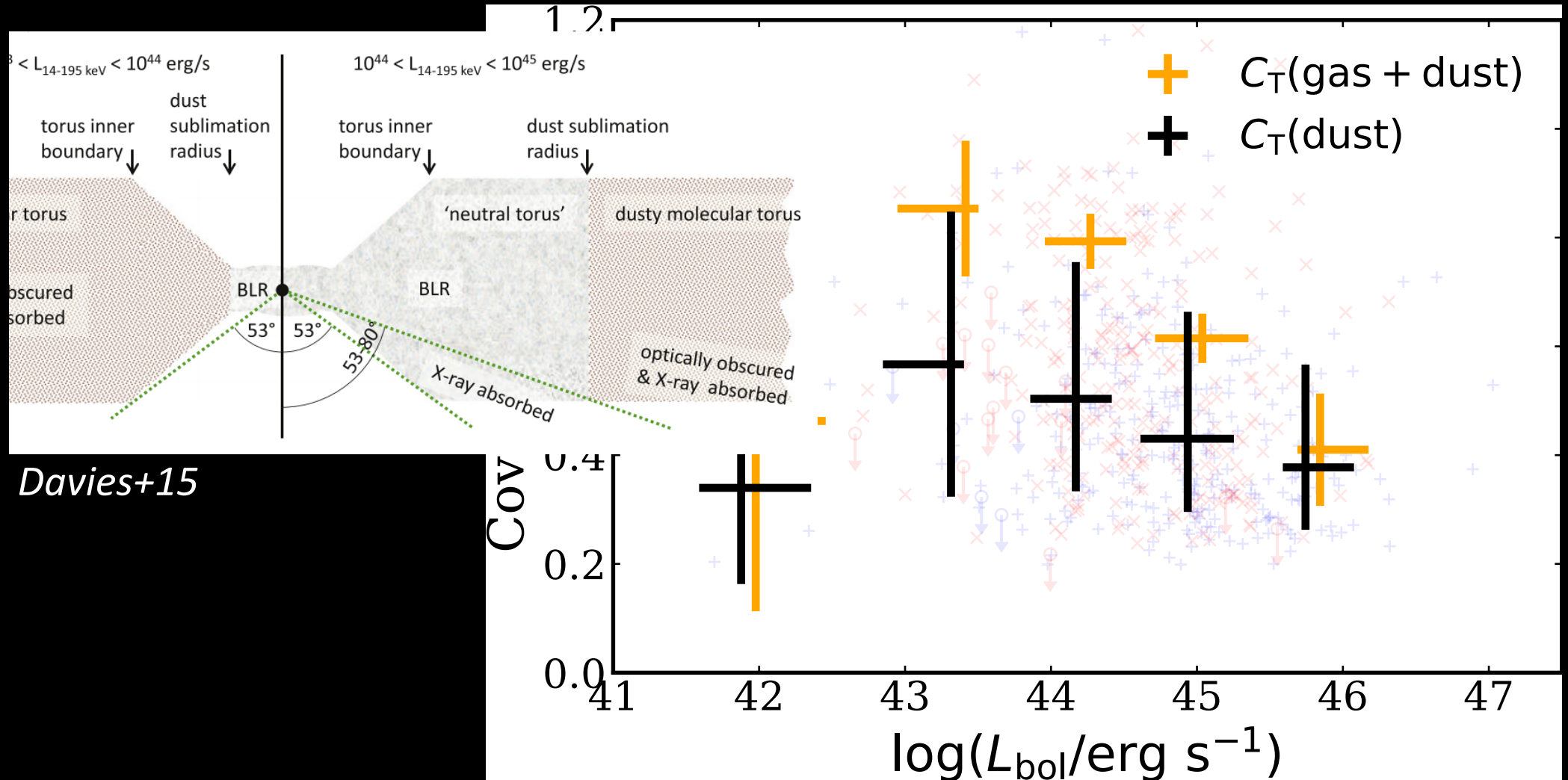


☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust+gas}) \Leftarrow$ obtained from X-ray obs.

☑ There is a dust-free (X-ray) obscuring region

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{torus}/L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (dust) (see Stalevski+16)



Davies+15

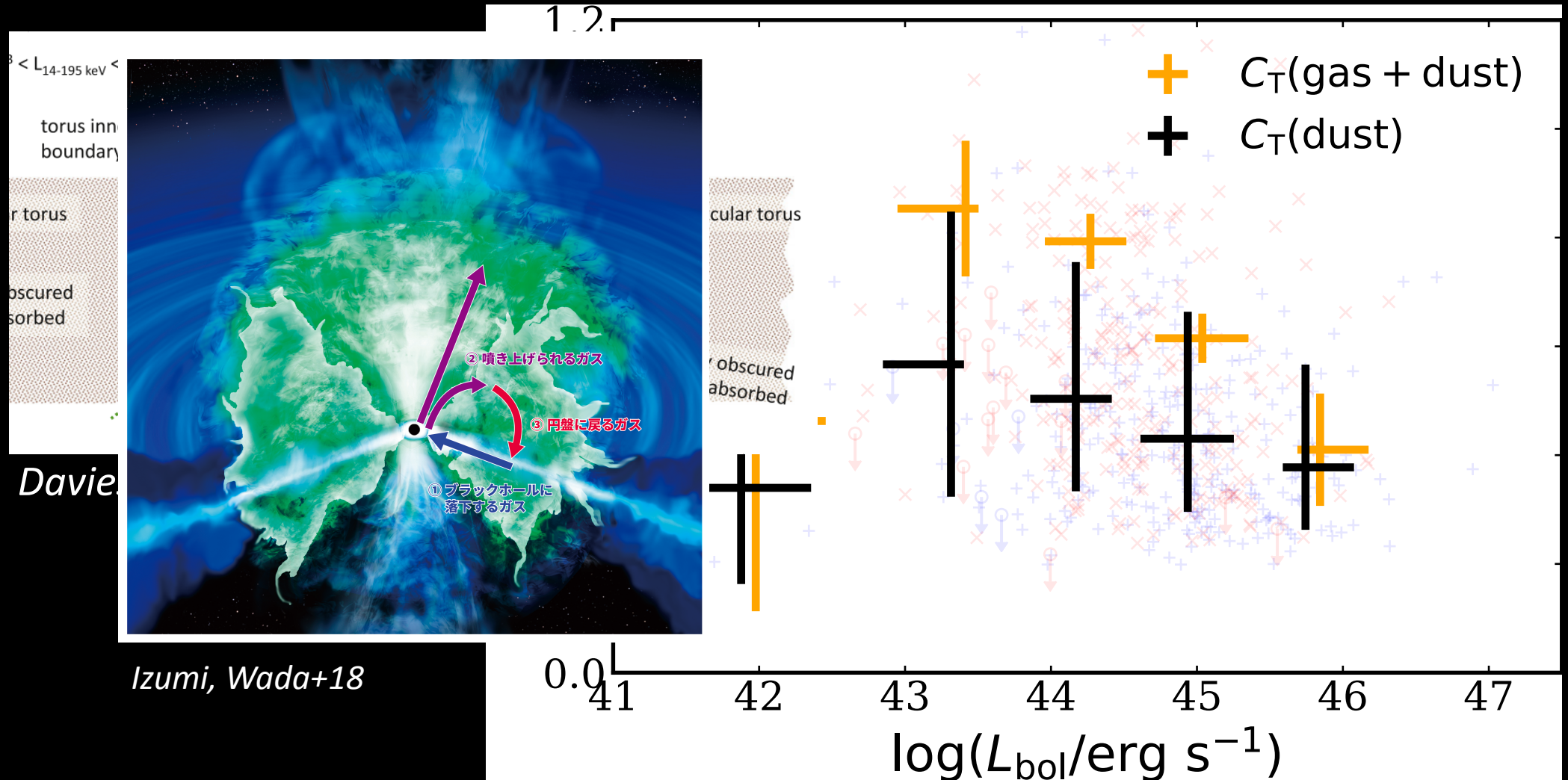
☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust+gas}) \Leftarrow$ obtained from X-ray obs.

☑ There is a dust-free (X-ray) obscuring region (in BLR?)

27 (see also Markowitz+14; Davies+15; Liu+18)

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ (const) and $L_{torus}/L_{bol} \Rightarrow C_T$ (dust) (see Stalevski+16)



☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust} + \text{gas}) \Leftarrow$ obtained from X-ray obs.

☑ There is a dust-free (X-ray) obscuring region (in outflow?)

28 (see also Wada '15, Izumi+18)

Summary

Swift/BAT (14-195 keV) AGN catalog

- ☑ suitable sample of an unbiased census of AGN
- ☑ BASS provides L_X , N_H , M_{BH} , and λ_E
- ☑ **almost complete 3-500 μm IR catalog**
(601/606 at MIR, 402 at FIR, see *Ichikawa et al. 17*)

IR and X-ray properties of BAT AGN

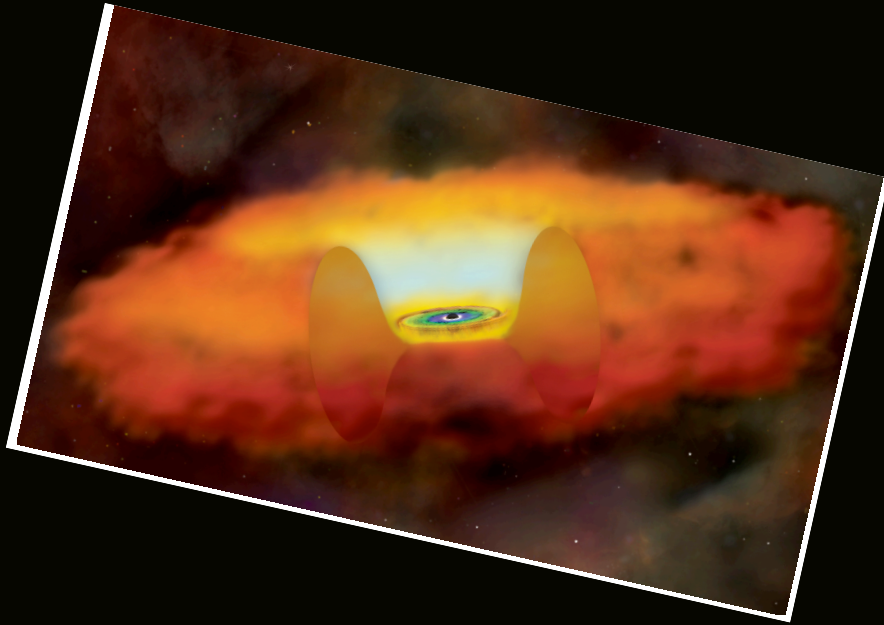
- ☑ $C_T(\text{dust}) < C_T(\text{dust+gas}) \Rightarrow$ dust-free obscuring region
- ☑ $C_T(\text{obscured})$ is (on average) always larger than $C_T(\text{unobscured})$

see *Ichikawa et al. (2017, 2019)* for more details

Appendix

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

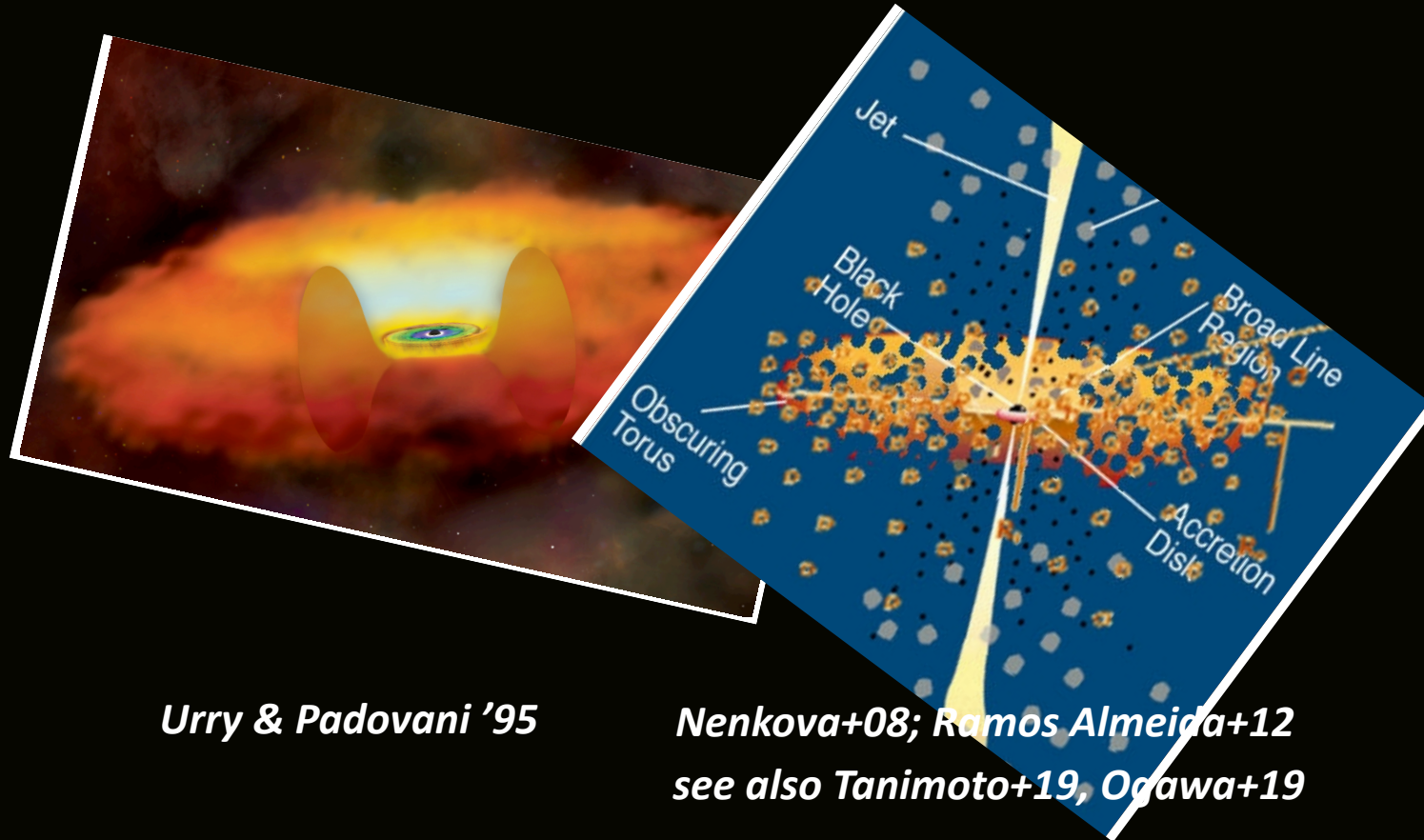
Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95

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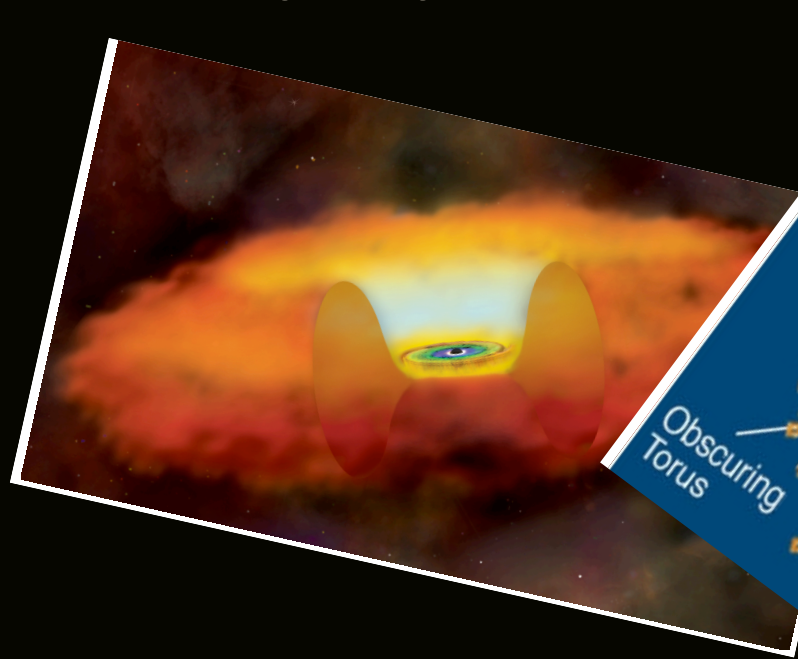


Urry & Padovani '95

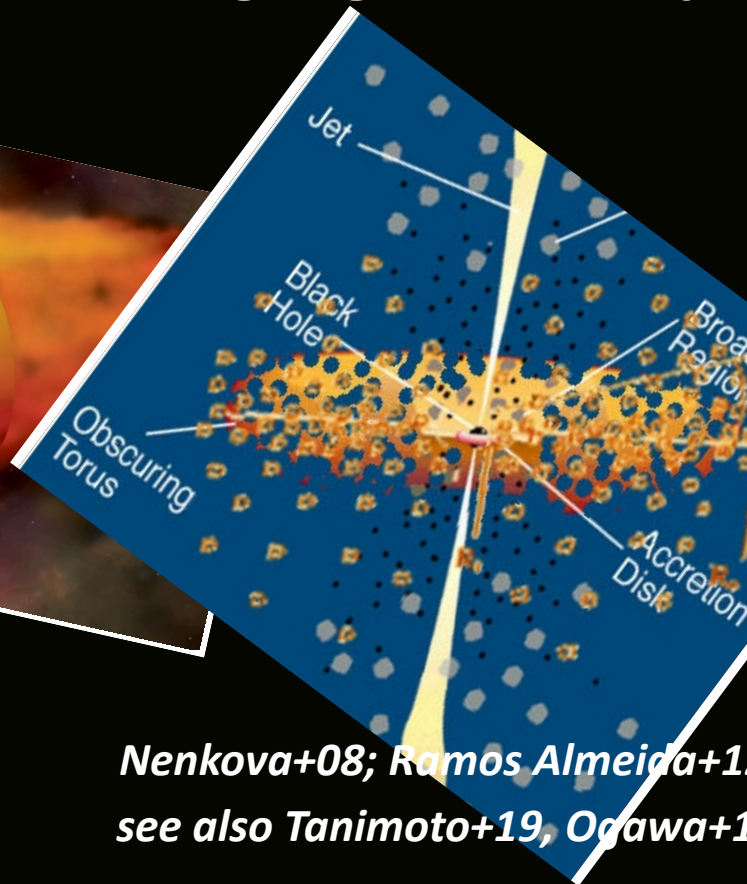
*Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+12
see also Tanimoto+19, Ogawa+19*

(Mid-)IR emission of AGN= nuclear dust

Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



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see also Tanimoto+19, Ogawa+19*

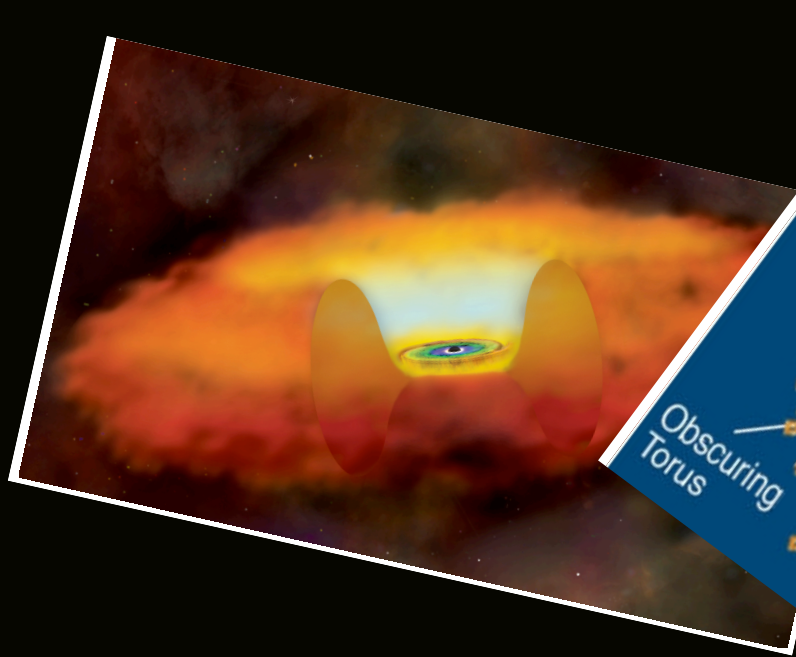


*e.g., Hoenig+12, Wada+15,
Tazaki & Ichikawa submitted*

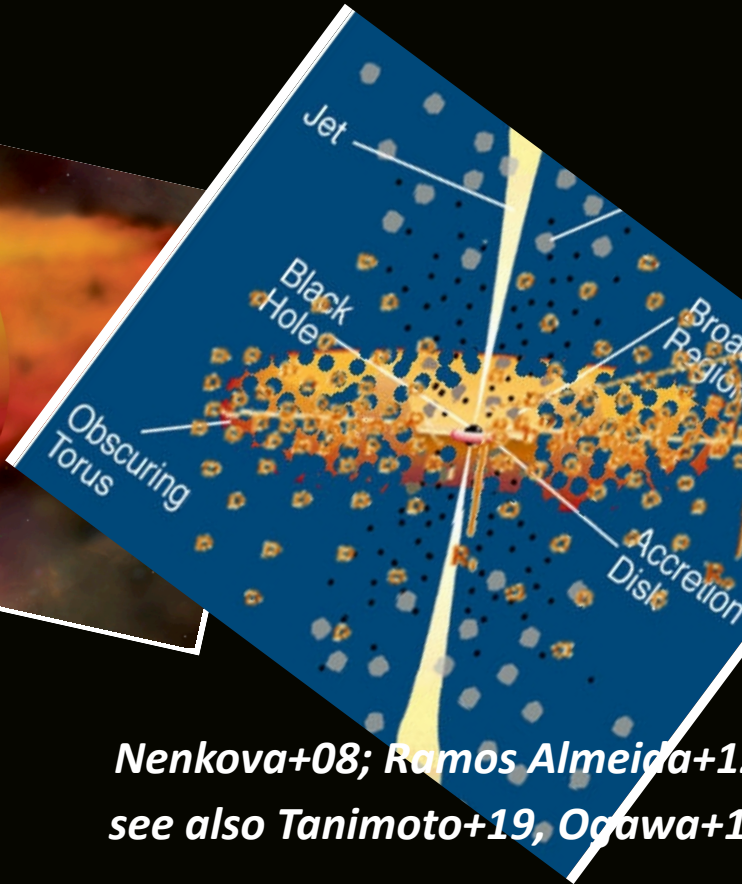
Sample size: limited to very nearby AGN (actually, mainly Circinus)

Geometry of (nuclear) dust emission

Nuclear (MIR) dust emitting region is compact w/ $< 10\text{pc}$



Urry & Padovani '95



*Nenkova+08; Ramos Almeida+12
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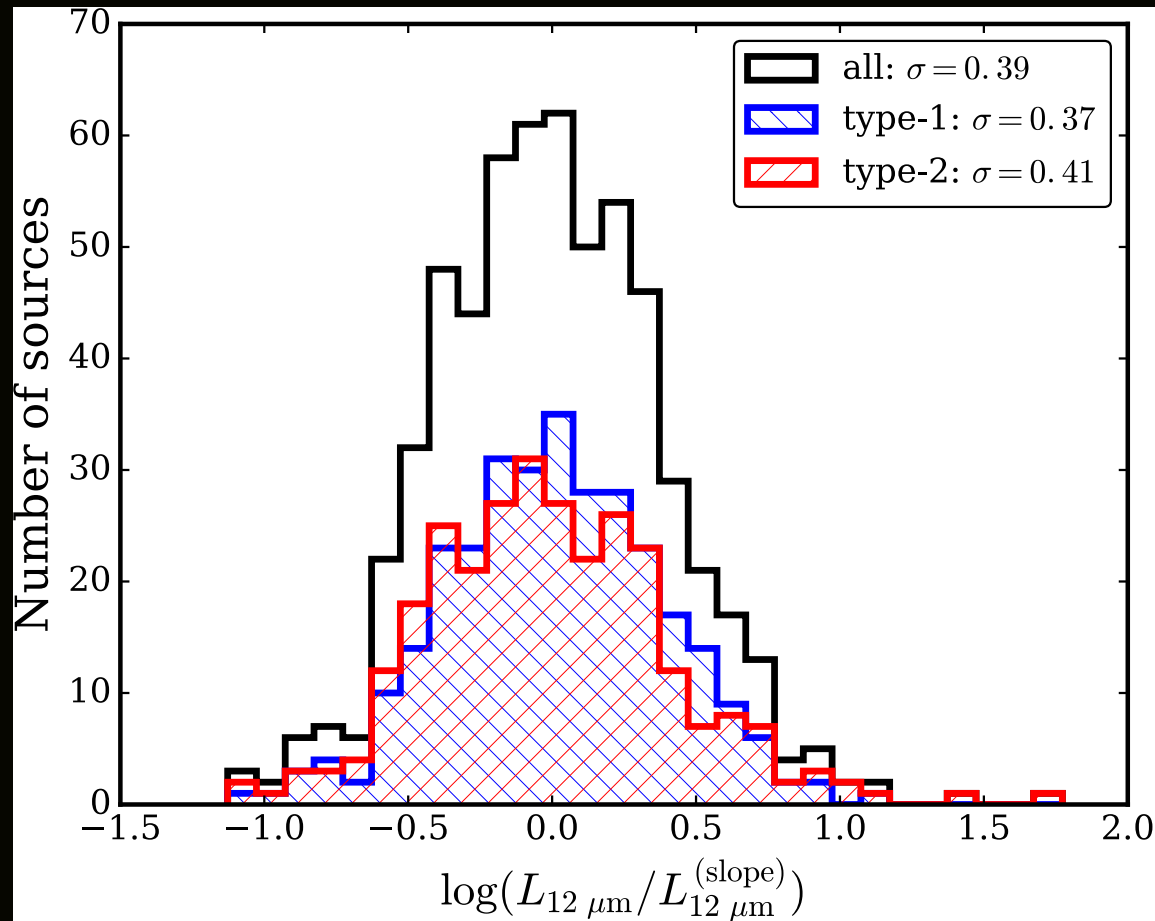
*e.g., Hoenig+12, Wada+15,
Tazaki & Ichikawa in prep.*

Q. How much do we know the (averaged) dust geometry?

$$C_T(\text{dust}) \propto L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) / L_{\text{bol}}(\text{AGN})$$

Our Goal: Obtaining $C_T(\text{dust})$ using the complete AGN sample

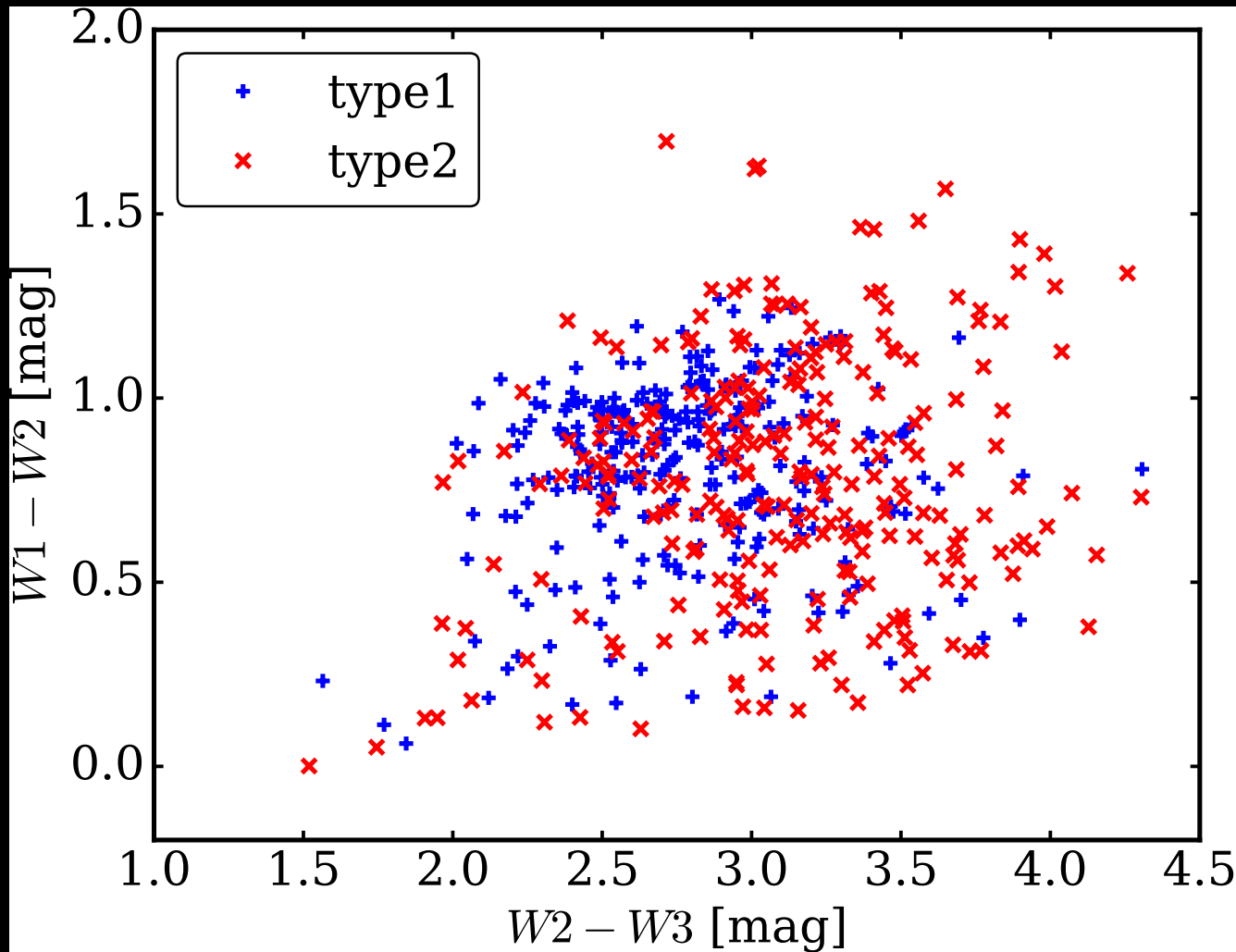
Consistency with dust polar emission



- ☑ type-1/-2 has same distribution => isotropic emission
- ☑ consistent with MIR polar emission or fountain model

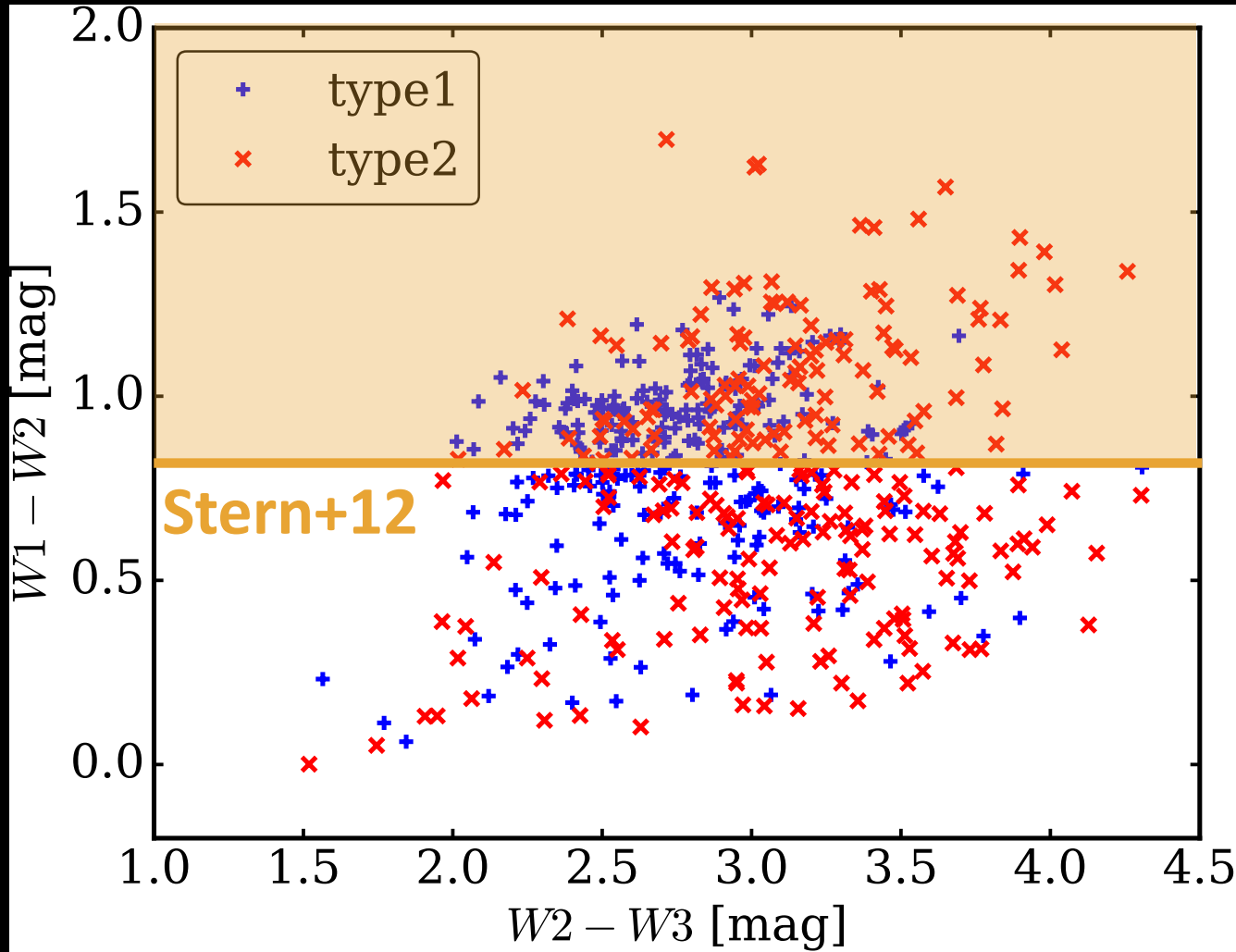
obs: Honig+13,+14, see also Asmus+16
model: Wada 12, Wada+16

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



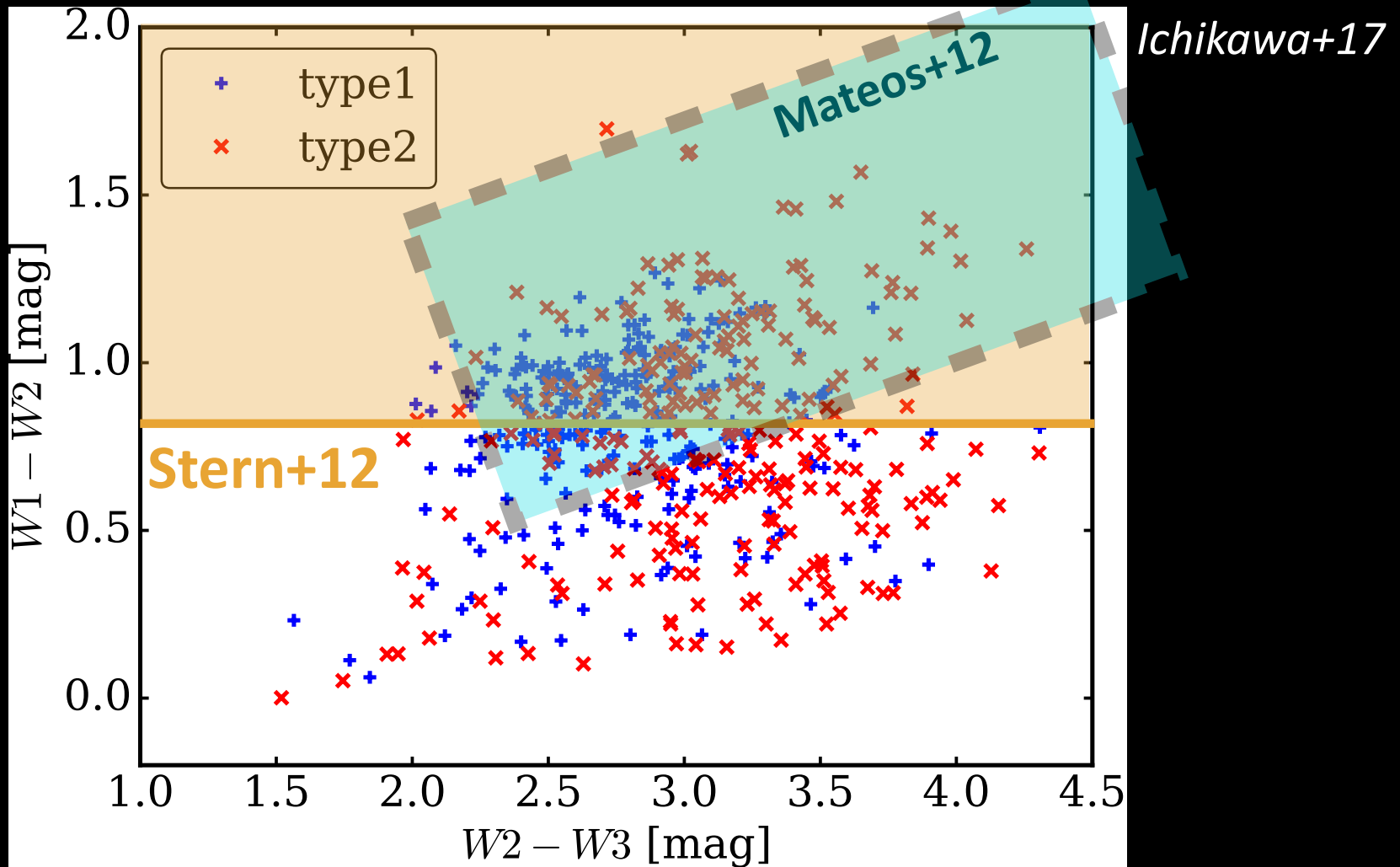
Ichikawa+17

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



Ichikawa+17

WISE IR color-color selection of AGN



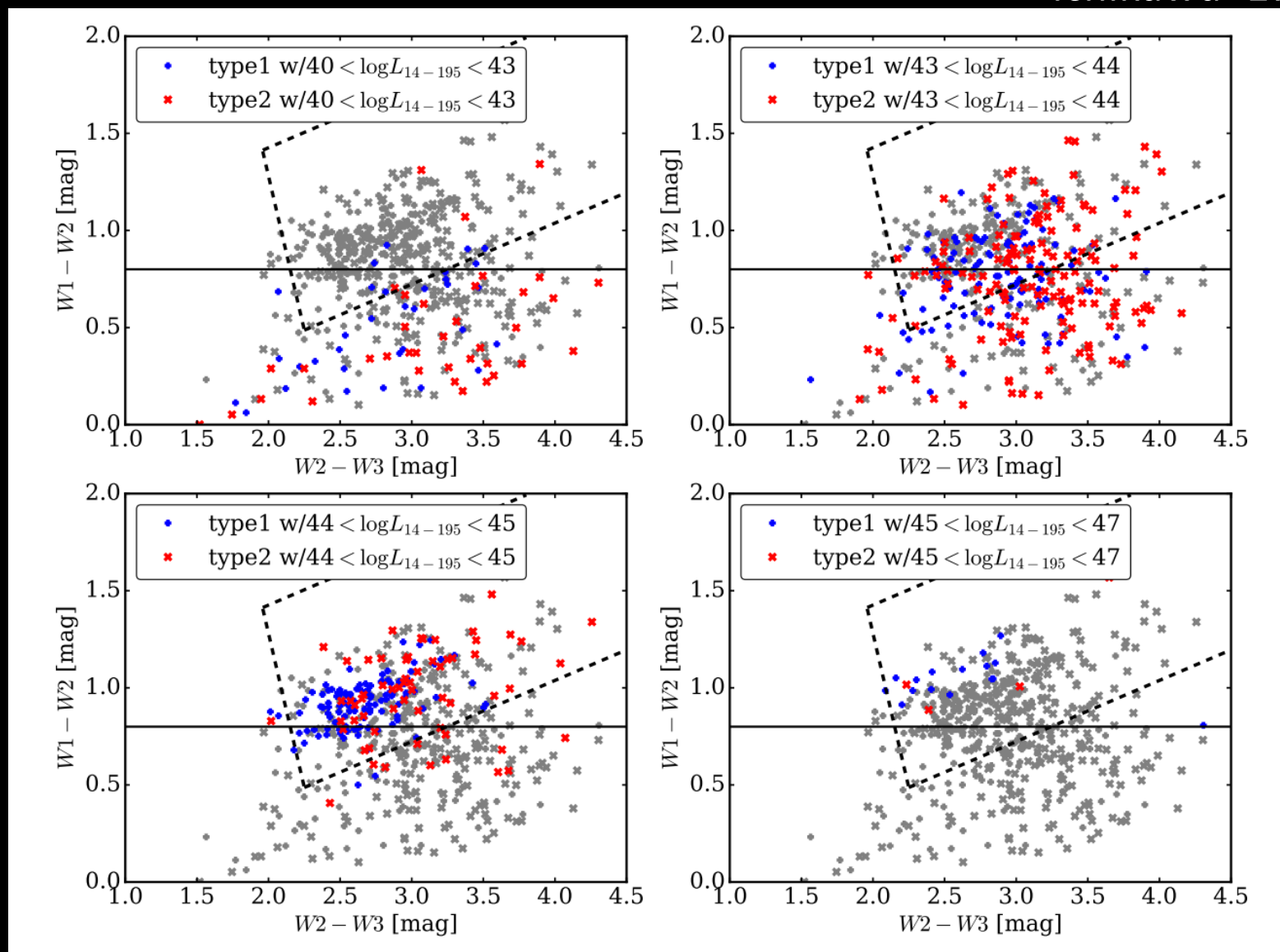
☑ **BAT-AGN do not always locate at the IR selection areas of Stern+12, Mateos+12**

WISE IR color selections miss some AGN population

(see also Mateos+12, 13; Gandhi+16; Kawamuro+16; Tanimoto+16)

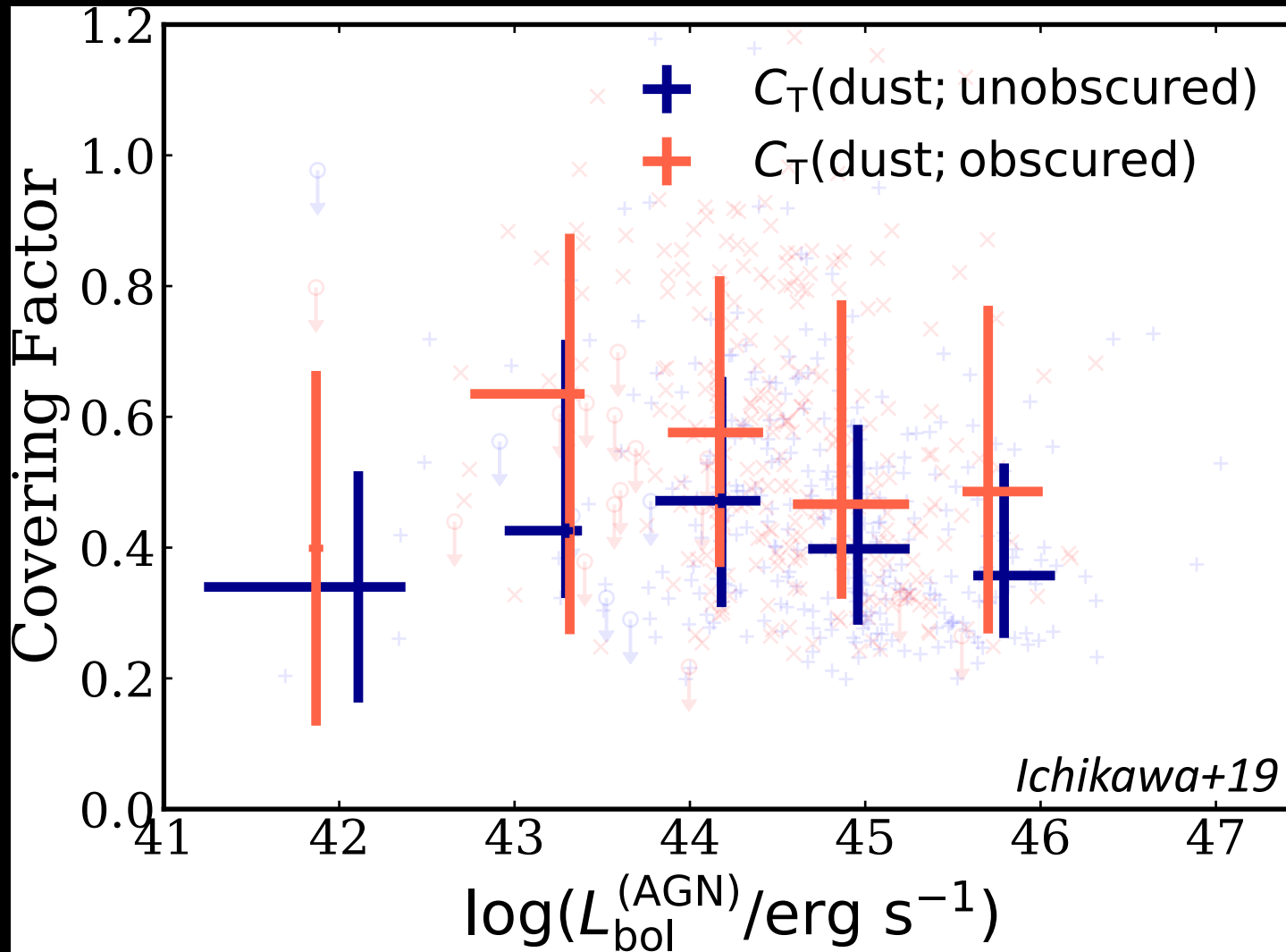
WISE IR color-color selection of AGN

Ichikawa+17



☑ WISE IR color: **insensitive to low-luminosity AGN**

Dust Covering factor (C_T) for un-/obscured AGN



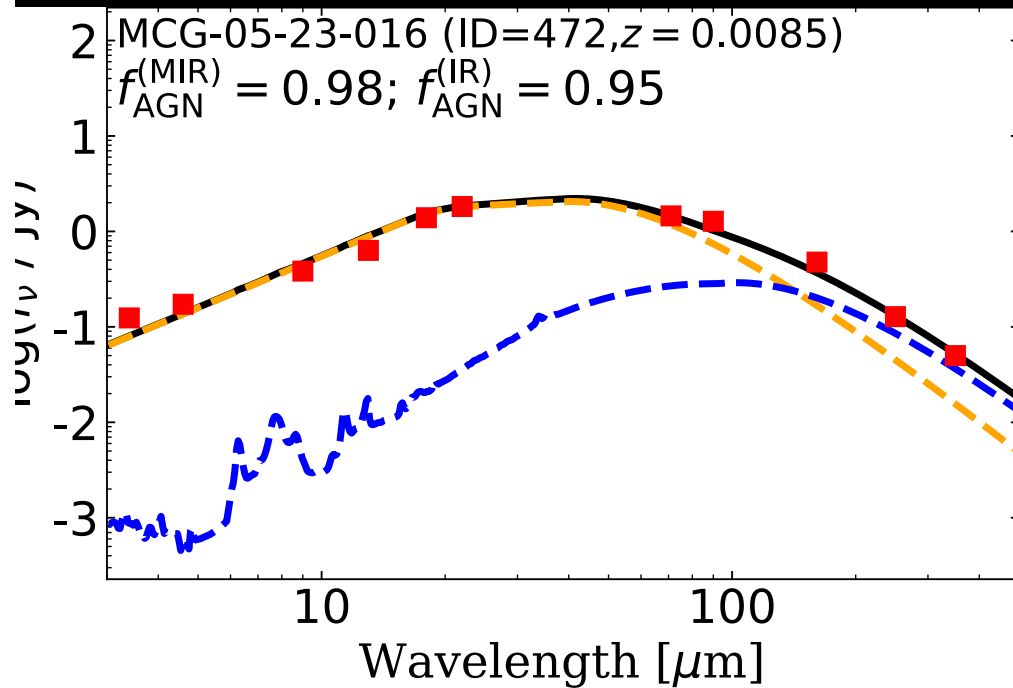
☑ C_T (obscured) is (on average) always larger than C_T (unobscured)

=> larger (line of sight) N_H sources tend to have larger (geometrical) C_T

(see also Ramos Almeida+09;+11, Elitzur12, Ichikawa+15, Mateos+16, and Lanz+18)

IR-Pure AGN candidates

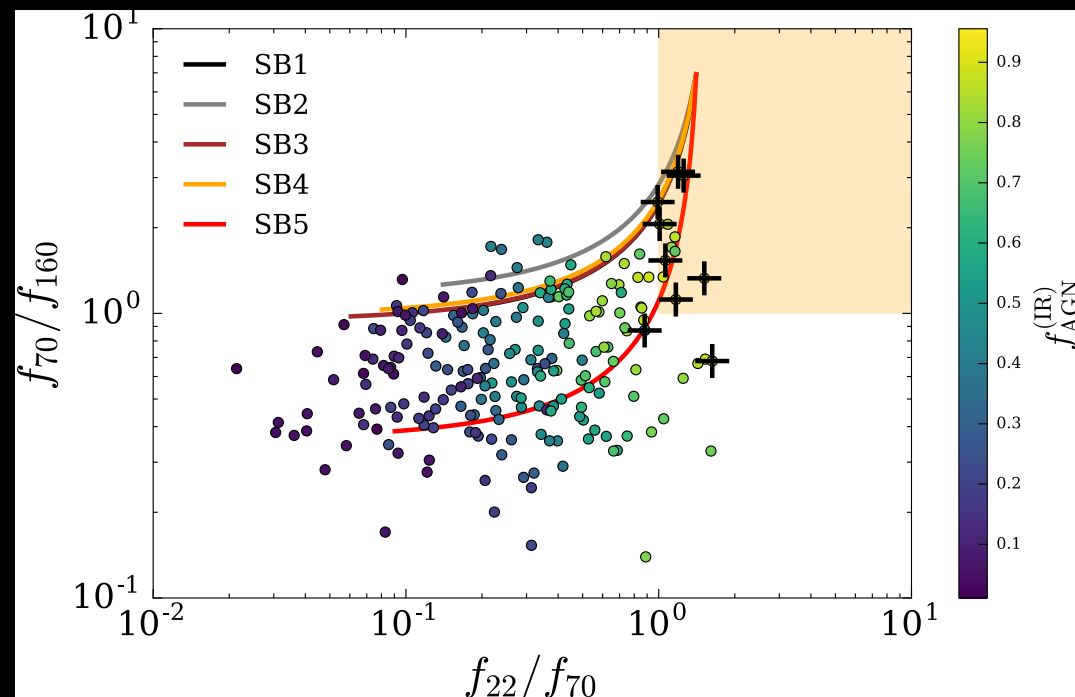
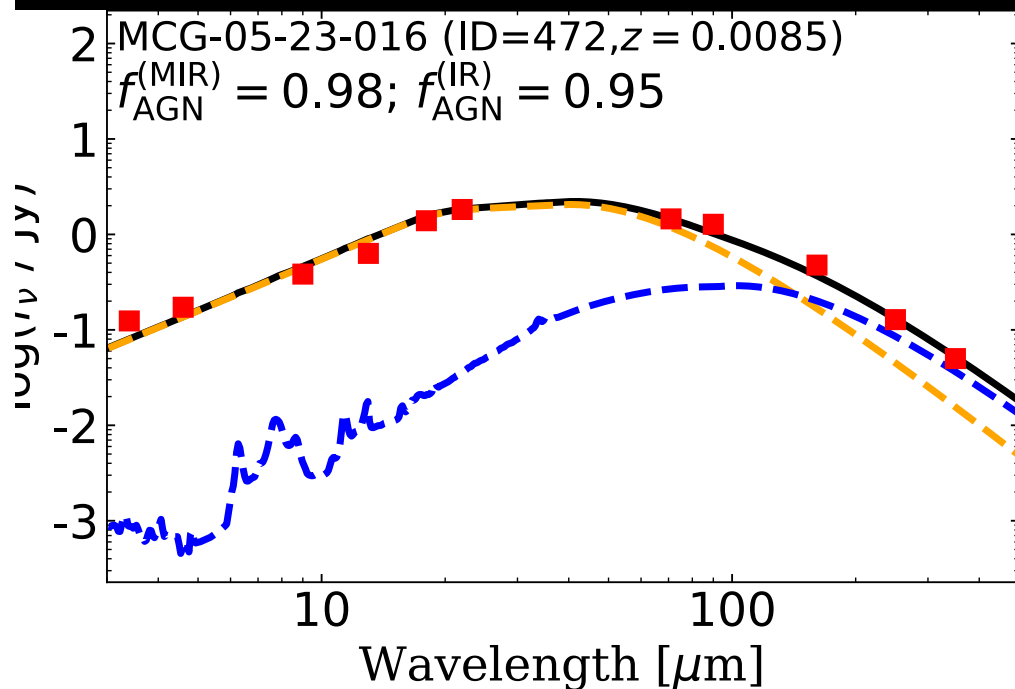
We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates



IR-Pure AGN candidates

We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates

Ichikawa+19

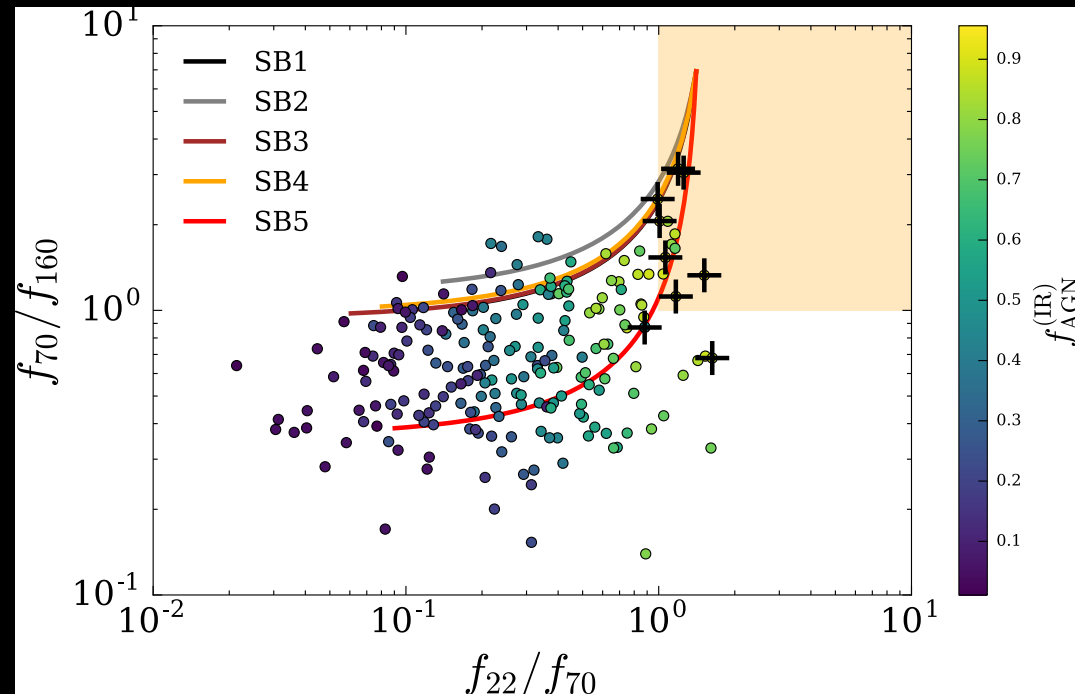
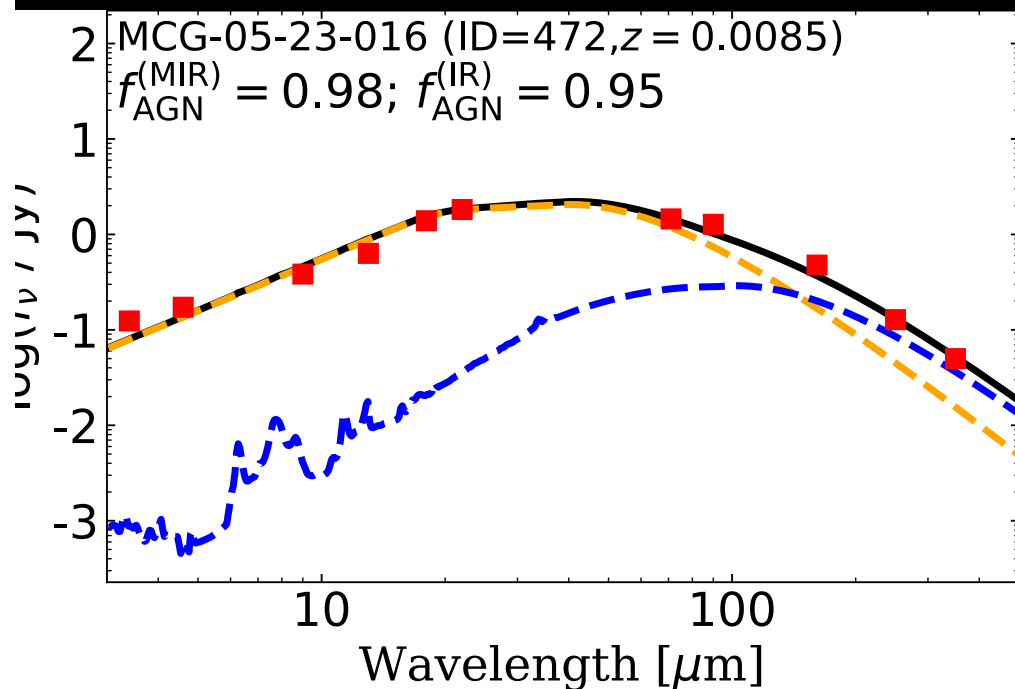


- ☑ FIR (up to $\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$) is dominated by AGN torus emission
- ☑ IR-pure AGN shows the SED w/ $f_{22 \mu\text{m}} > f_{70 \mu\text{m}} > f_{160 \mu\text{m}}$

IR-Pure AGN candidates

We found 9 “IR-pure AGN” candidates

Ichikawa+19



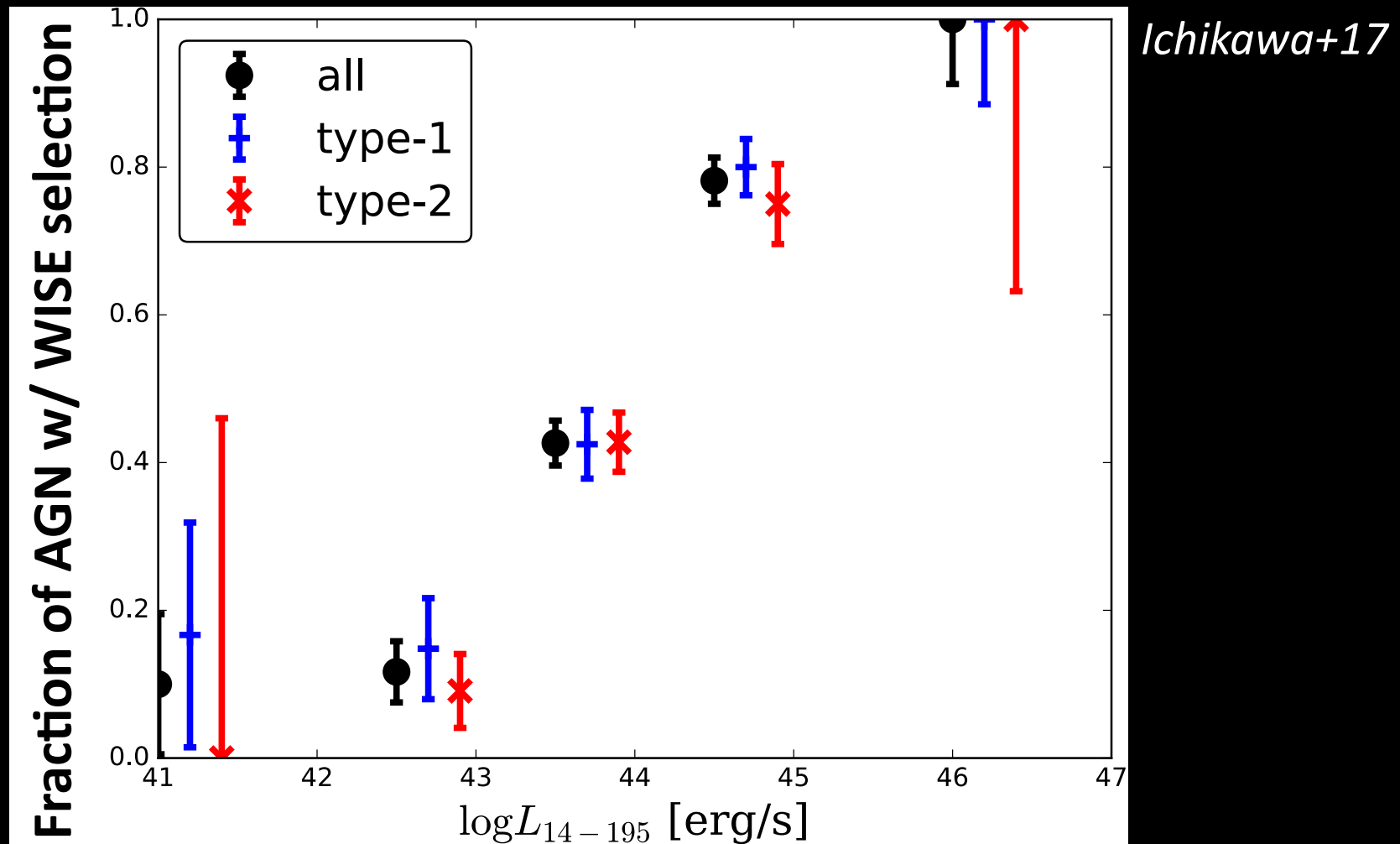
☑ FIR (up to $\sim 100\mu\text{m}$) is dominated by AGN torus emission

☑ M_{BH} , $L_{14-150\text{keV}}$ distribution is similar with the parent sample
($\langle \log M_{\text{BH}} \rangle = 7.8$, $\langle \log L_{14-150} \rangle = 43.7$)

➔ Suggesting weaker SF activities in the host

➔ good candidates of final stage AGN?

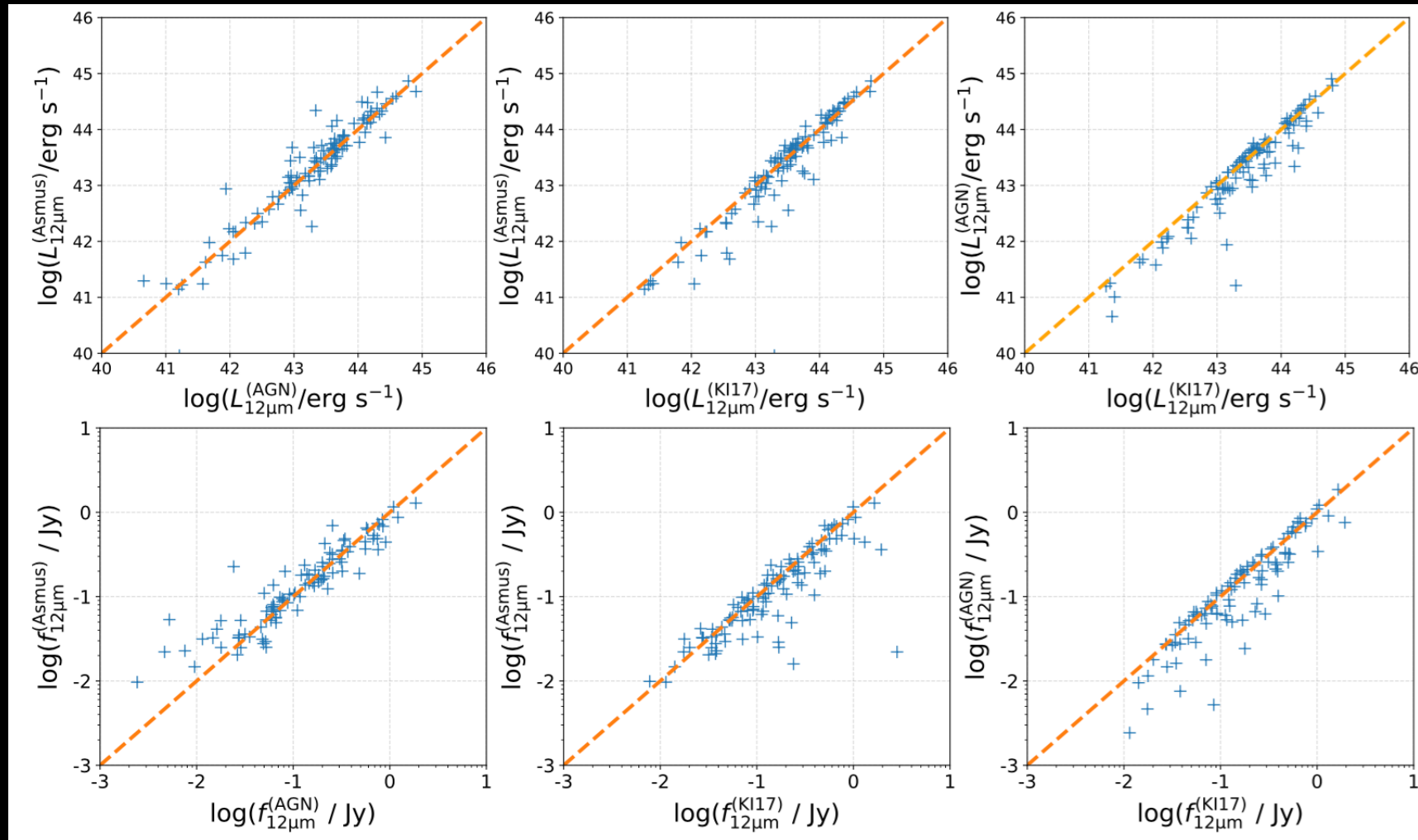
Success rate of WISE color selection



- ☑ WISE IR color: **insensitive to low-luminosity AGN**
- ☑ **<20%** success rate for low-luminosity AGN of log L_x < 43

Comparison with high-spatial resolution observations

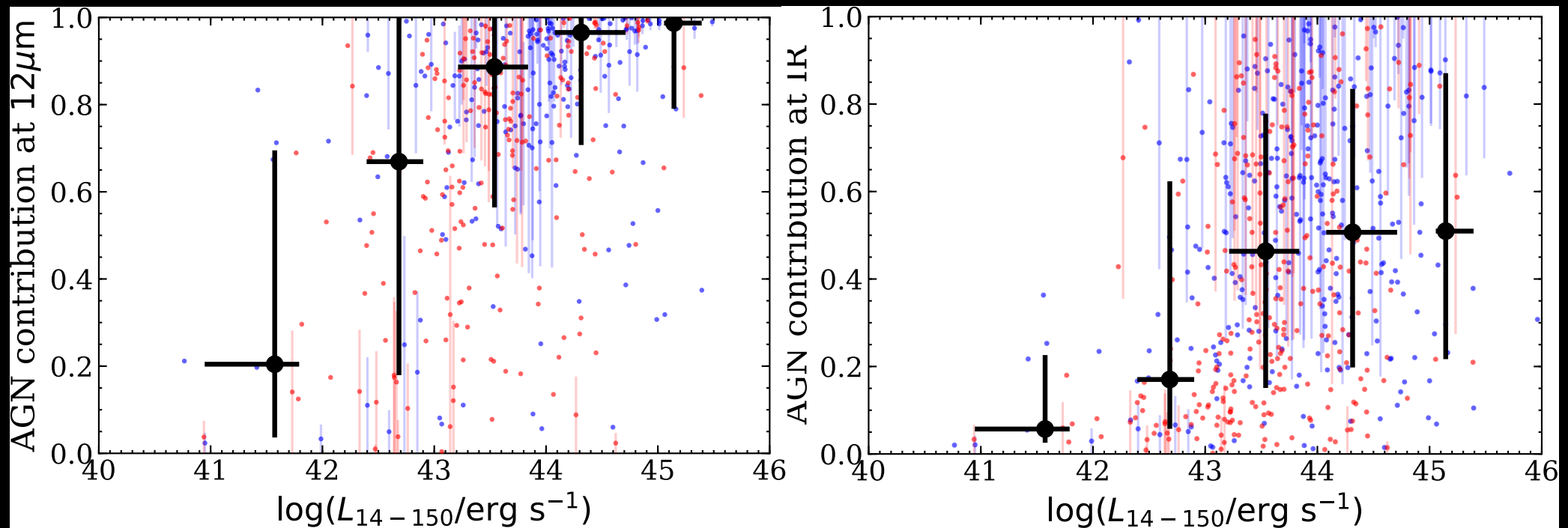
☑ Decomposition works really well!



☑ Disentangling AGN/(SB+stellar) component

☑ suitable for the AGN torus/host galaxy studies

AGN contribution as a function of L_{BAT}



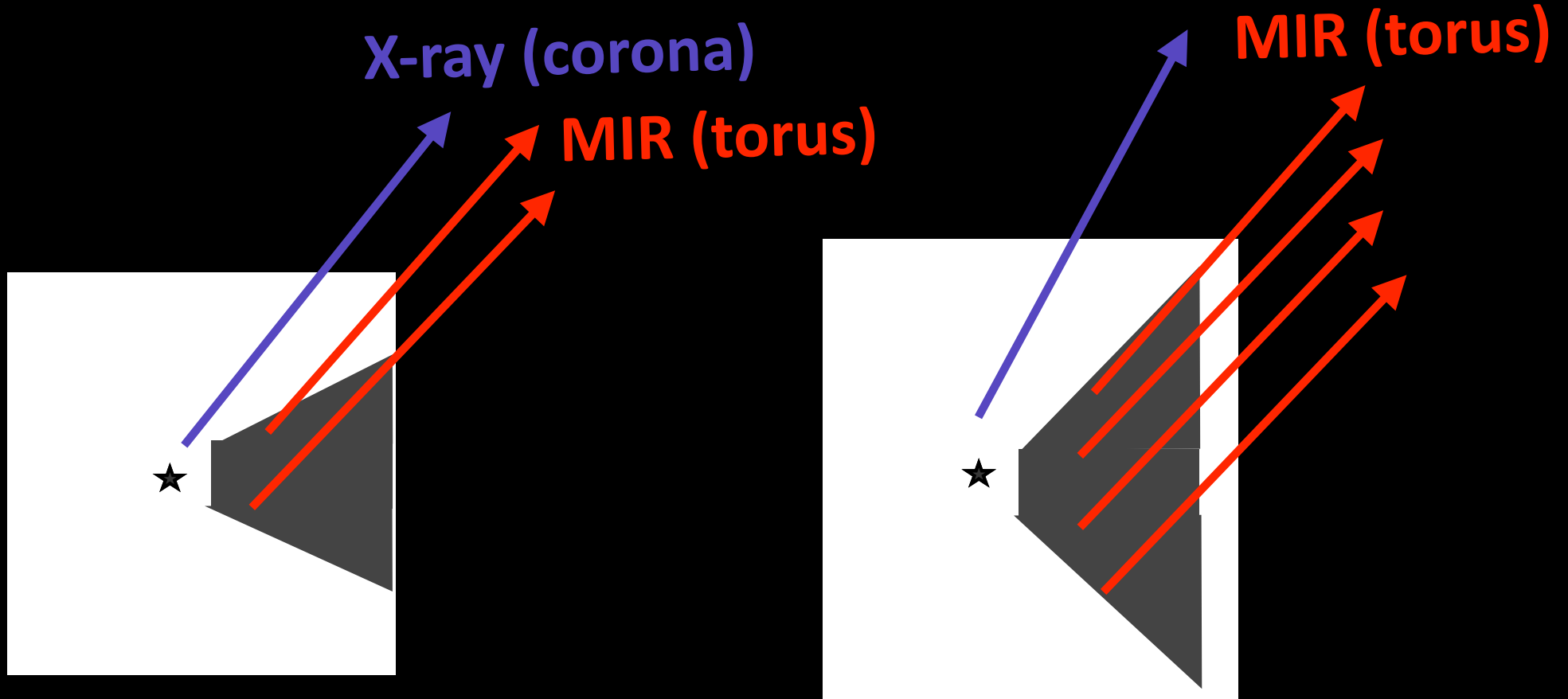
Ichikawa+19

- ✓ At high L_{BAT} end, contribution reaches
~100% at 12μm, 80% at MIR (5-40μm), and 50% at total IR
- ✓ At low L_{BAT} end, contribution goes down to
~20% at 12μm, 20% at MIR (5-40μm), and <10% at total IR

➔ SED decomposition is crucial for low-luminosity AGN

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

$L_X \Rightarrow L_{bol}$ and $C_T \propto L_{MIR}/L_{bol}$ (see Stalevski+16) X-ray (corona)



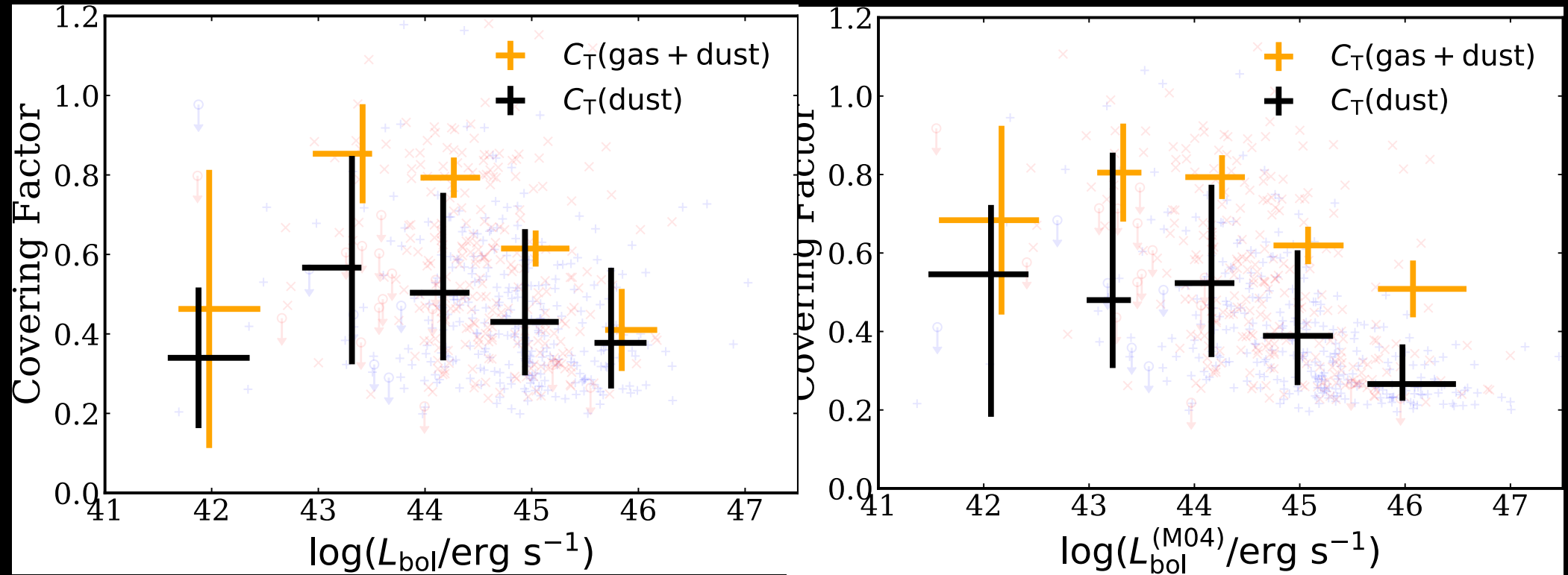
C_T : indicator of geometrical dust obscuration

$$L_{MIR} \propto L_{bol} C_T \Leftrightarrow C_T \propto L_{MIR}/L_{bol}$$

Dust Covering factor (C_T) vs. L_{bol}

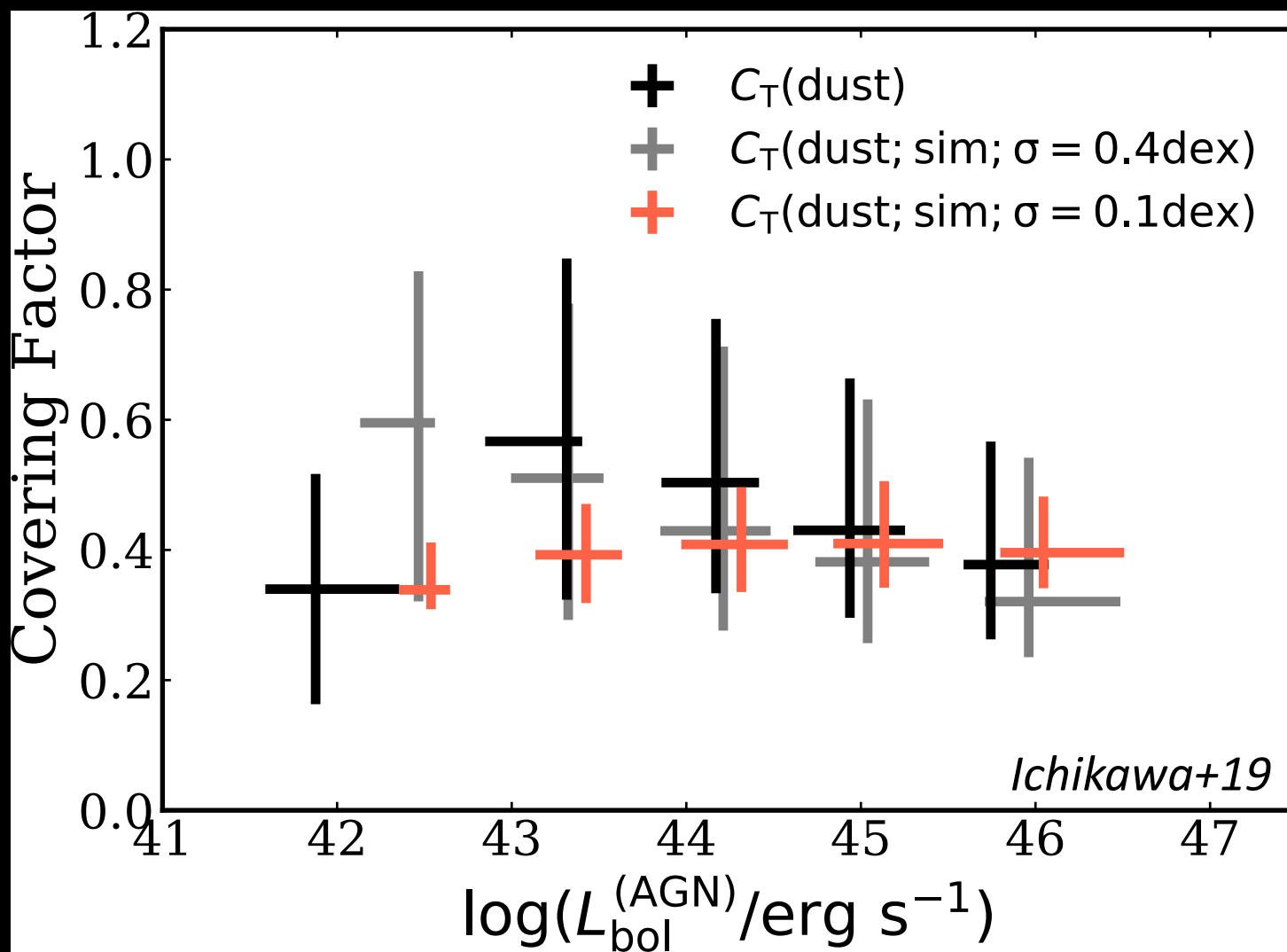
$L_X \Rightarrow L_{\text{bol}}$ (Marconi+04) and $C_T \propto L_{\text{MIR}}/L_{\text{bol}}$ (see Stalevski+16)

Ichikawa+19



☑ Different bol-correction does not change the main result

L_{bol} dependence of Dust Covering factor (C_{T})



☑ **Small scatter of $L_{\text{X}}-L_{\text{IR}}$ relation gives a flatter L_{bol} dependence of $C_{\text{T}}(\text{dust})$**

☑ This is because $\log L_{\text{IR}}(\text{AGN}) \propto 1.06 \log L_{\text{X}}$